

ANNUAL REPORT 2024-2025



 **MK Footwear PLC.**

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Letter of Transmittal

To
Honourable Shareholders
Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Commission (BSEC)
Dhaka Stock Exchange PLC. (DSE)
Chittagong Stock Exchange PLC. (CSE)
Central Depository Bangladesh Limited (CDBL)
Registrar of Joint Stock Companies & Firms (RJSC&F)

Subject: Annual Report for the year ended June 30, 2025



Dear Sir (s),

We are pleased to enclose herewith a copy of the Annual Report together with the Audited Financial Statements comprising Statement of Financial Position as at June 30, 2025, Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Cash Flows and Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended on June 30, 2025 along with notes thereon of MK Footwear PLC for your kind information and records.

Thanking you

Sincerely yours,

By order of the Board,

A stylized, handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Mohammed Tohidul Islam'.

Mohammed Tohidul Islam
Company Secretary

Dated: January 14, 2026

MK Footwear PLC.

MK Footwear PLC.

Registered Office & Factory: Nayonpur Bazar, Chalkpara,
Medical more, Mawna - Dulivita Rd, Mawna Union 1740, Gazipur.

Notice of the 10th Annual General Meeting (AGM)

Notice is hereby given that the 10th Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the shareholders of MK Footwear PLC. will be held on Sunday, 08 February, 2026 at 03.30 p.m. through hybrid system to transact the following agenda:

AGENDA:

01. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements of the company for the year ended June 30, 2025 along with the report of the Directors' and Auditors' thereon.
02. To approve dividend for the year ended June 30, 2025.
03. To retire/re-appoint Directors of the company.
04. To appoint Statutory Auditors for the year ended June 30, 2026 and fix up their remuneration.
05. To transact any other business of the company with the permission of the Chair.

Honourable shareholders are cordially requested to attend the meeting.

By order of the Board,



(Mohammed Tohidul Islam)
Company Secretary

Dhaka, Bangladesh
Date: January 14, 2026

Notes:

- i. The Record Date was December 08, 2025. Shareholders whose names appeared in the CDBL's Depository Register as members of the Company as of the Record Date are entitled to the Dividend and eligible to attend and vote at the 10th AGM.
- ii. The 10th AGM of the Company will be conducted using a hybrid system, combining physical attendance and digital participation. This approach is in compliance with Directive No. BSEC/CMRRCD/2009-193/08, dated March 10, 2021, issued by the Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Commission (BSEC).
- iii. The Registered Office will serve as the location for physical attendance. Shareholders must enter their 16-digit Beneficial Owner (BO) ID number or Folio number, along with other required credentials, as proof of identity. For digital access, please visit the link: <https://mkfootwear10thagm.hybridagmbd.net>
- iv. The members will be able to submit their questions/comments and vote electronically starting 24 hours before the commencement of the AGM up to and including the duration of the AGM.
- v. A Member eligible to attend the 10th AGM may appoint a proxy to attend and vote on his/her behalf. The "Proxy Form" must be affixed with the requisite Revenue Stamp and submitted at the Registered Office of the Company not later than 48 hours before the time fixed for the meeting.
- vi. Pursuant to the BSEC Notification No. BSEC/CMRRCD/2006-158/208/Admin/81 dated June 20, 2018, the Company will send the Annual Report 2024-2025 in soft-copy format to the respective e-mail addresses of the shareholders available in their BO account. However, interested shareholders may collect a hard copy of the Annual Report 2024-2025 from the Company's Share Department/Corporate Office by submitting a written request. The soft copy of the Annual Report 2024-2025 will also be available on the Company's website at <https://mk-footwear.com/>

The detailed login process for the meeting will be available on the Company's website <https://mk-footwear.com/>. The link will also be e-mailed to the respective members' e-mail addresses and sent by SMS using the contact details available with the CDBL Registers.

Corporate Information

Name of the Company

MK Footwear PLC.

Legal Status

A Public Company

Limited by Shares registered under Companies Act, 1994

Listing Status

Listed on the SME Platform of DSE & CSE

Date of Incorporation

November 12, 2015

Commencement of Commercial Operation

July 02, 2020

Registered Office and Factory

Nayonpur Bazar, Chalkpara, Medical more

Mawna-Dulivita Rd, Mawna Union 1740, Gazipur

Corporate Office

Apartment 1/B, House 17/A, Road 03

DOHS, Banani, Dhaka 1206, Bangladesh

Nature of Business

Manufacturing, Marketing & Exporting
of different types of quality footwear

Authorized Capital

BDT 100,00,00,000

Paid up Capital

BDT 47,84,72,000

Principal Bankers

Rupali Bank PLC.,

Local Office, 37 Dilkusha C/A, Dhaka 1000

Statutory Auditor

Anil Salam Idris & Co., Chartered Accountants

Company's Website

<https://mk-footwear.com/>

Email ID

info@mk-footwear.com

MK Footwear PLC.

Company Overview

Incorporation

MK Footwear PLC was incorporated on November 12, 2015 vide registration no: C-126912/2015 under the Companies Act, 1994 naming MK Footwear Ltd. as a private limited company with the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies & Firms (RJSC).

Conversion

MK Footwear PLC was converted into public limited company on May 29, 2022.

Qualified Investor Offer (QIO) permission

MK Footwear PLC got permission from BSEC for Qualified Investor Offer (QIO) under Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Commission (Qualified Investor Offer by Small Capital Company) Rules, 2022 on May 03, 2023.

Listing with DSE & CSE

MK Footwear PLC enlisted with Dhaka Stock Exchange PLC on June 20, 2023 and Chittagong Stock Exchange PLC on June 22, 2023 respectively.

Nature of Business

MK Footwear PLC is a leading manufacturer specializing in the production of leather, non-leather, and synthetic footwear. The company officially commenced commercial operations on July 2, 2020, and operates exclusively in the export market, supplying 100% of its production to international buyers.

Upon receiving customer orders, MK Footwear PLC produces and supplies products tailored to precise customer specifications and delivered to various global destinations. The company maintains a strong commitment to superior quality and adherence to international standards by utilizing premium raw materials and advanced manufacturing technology. This dedication to quality and timely delivery has established MK Footwear PLC as a trusted partner for international clientele and a prominent footwear manufacturer in Bangladesh.

Furthermore, MK Footwear PLC plays a pivotal role in the national economy. By adding significant value to its products and earning foreign currency through exports, the company contributes to the national Gross Domestic Product (GDP) and fosters sustainable industry growth.



Vision, Mission & Objectives

We know, every creation is born from a dream. Dreams inspire progress, motivate to plan, act toward fulfilment and makes a story. MK Footwear PLC. is the dream child we envisioned. We have clearly defined what we want, what we will do, and how we will measure our progress.

The summary of this dream's story is as follows:

Vision

What do we want?

- To make MK Footwear PLC a diversified, sustainable, world-class company.
- To ensure superior customer satisfaction and stakeholder value.
- To uphold the material and social well-being of our investors through financial and moral gains, contributing to the process of human civilization.



Mission

What do we do?

- Manufacture innovative, quality footwear to achieve customer satisfaction.
- Aim to expand our business by increasing production capacity and become the premier footwear manufacturer of the country.
- Furthermore, we strive to maintain stringent ethical standards in our business operations, thereby ensuring benefits for our stakeholders and society at large.

Objectives

How will we measure?

- Emphasize continuous development of the project with advanced technology.
- Add value through transparent business operations protecting shareholders' interests, and maximize the wealth of the organization.
- Maintain a congenial working environment and sustainable resources within the legal and social framework, ultimately attaining the mission reflected by our vision.



Profile of Directors



Mir Mahfuza Mohammed
Chairman

Mrs. Mir Mahfuza Mohammed was appointed as Chairman of MK Footwear PLC on April 30, 2022. Mrs. Mohammed completed her graduation from Virginia State University in Virginia, USA. She found the opportunity she was looking for and joined our company to apply her professional experience in the footwear industry. She has established herself as a dynamic leader, and our company has been benefiting from her expertise. She also efficiently leads the board, focusing on the company's strategies. She continuously plays a pivotal role in enhancing the effectiveness of the board and its individual directors, both in and out of the boardroom.



Noor Mohammed
Managing Director

Mr. Noor Mohammed was appointed as Managing Director of MK Footwear PLC upon its incorporation on November 12, 2015. Mr. Mohammed graduated from Virginia State University in Virginia, USA. A born leader from a noble Muslim family, Mr. Mohammed's family legacy and inherent qualities give him a great sense of value and direction to establish an export-oriented footwear company. Throughout his tenure, Mr. Mohammed has established himself as an exemplary figure within the organization through his pleasant and flexible demeanor. As the Managing Director, he also contributes his professional experience in the footwear industry, directs and controls the company's operations, and provides strategic guidance and directions to the board to achieve its mission and objectives.



Md. Akteruzzaman
Director

Mr. Md. Akteruzzaman sponsored MK Footwear PLC and was appointed as a director when the company was formed in 2015. He completed his Master's degree from Virginia State University in Virginia, USA. Since the company's inception, Mr. Zaman has contributed his professional experience to the footwear industry and to our company's success. Mr. Zaman is both energetic and dynamic. His broader vision in sales, marketing, and customer care differentiates us from the competition. He oversees the company's decisive, strategic, and operational activities, with a special focus on compliance and internal control.



F. M. Hasan Mahfuz Russell
Director & CEO

Mr. F. M. Hasan Mahfuz Russell was appointed as a Director of MK Footwear PLC on April 30, 2022. Mr. Russell holds a Bachelor of Business Administration (BBA), with a triple major in Marketing, Finance, and Accounting from NSU. He also completed the CA professional level from ICAB. A very young and inspired professional, Mr. Russell joined us with the ambition to achieve long-term success in the footwear sector. During his tenure with our company, he has consistently demonstrated exceptional professionalism. He oversees the company's overall marketing plans and implements strategic plans for market development.

Board of Directors & Management

Board of Directors

| | |
|----------------------------|-------------------|
| Mir Mahfuza Mohammed | Chairman |
| Noor Mohammed | Managing Director |
| Md. Akteruzzaman | Director |
| F. M. Hasan Mahfuz Russell | Director |

Management Team

| | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Noor Mohammed | Managing Director |
| Md. Akteruzzaman | Director |
| F. M. Hasan Mahfuz Russell | Director |
| Mohammed Tohidul Islam | Company Secretary |
| Mohammad Mahabub Alam | Chief Financial Officer |
| S M Rabiul Ehsan | Head of Internal Audit & Compliance |

Company Secretary

| | |
|------------------------|-------------------|
| Mohammed Tohidul Islam | Company Secretary |
|------------------------|-------------------|

Chief Financial Officer

| | |
|----------------------|-------------------------|
| Mohammad Mahbub Alam | Chief Financial Officer |
|----------------------|-------------------------|

Head of Internal Audit & Compliance

| | |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|
| S M Rabiul Ehsan | Head of Internal Audit & Compliance |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|



Chairman's Address

To the Shareholders

In the Name of Allah, the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful.

Distinguished Shareholders, Assalamu Alaikum!

It is my great pleasure to extend a warm and sincere welcome to all of you attending our 10th Annual General Meeting.

We trust your visit to our factory premises today has been insightful, reinforcing your confidence in our team's dedication and operational quality. Your first-hand observation is key to making proactive and informed investment decisions.

Review of the Financial Year 2024-2025

I would now like to provide a review of our performance during the financial year 2024-2025. As a company that specializes in footwear manufacturing and exports 100% of its products internationally, our success is intrinsically

linked to the global business environment. This past year was characterized by persistent geopolitical and economic uncertainty, driven by factors such as ongoing conflicts and fluctuating international trade policies.

Domestically, changes in the political landscape and the subsequent impact on the economic relations of our key export destinations placed significant pressure on our expected export earnings. These combined factors positioned us in a highly challenging environment.

Performance and Outlook

Despite these profound obstacles, we maintained a mind-set of strategic caution and determined effort. I am pleased to report that we successfully kept our progress trajectory upward compared to the immediate past year. This achievement is a testament to the resilience and commitment of the MK Footwear PLC team.

We remain optimistic that global and domestic uncertainties will eventually subside, paving the way for a more favourable and stable operating climate.

Strategic Direction

In anticipation of this future upturn, your Board of Directors recognizes the necessity of a major strategic decision focused on strengthening and enhancing our factory's production capacity. This expansion is essential for leveraging future demand and ensuring greater long-term returns.

We are continuously mindful of the trust you place in us, and the importance of your investment in MK Footwear PLC. Our focus remains on delivering superior value in both the short and long term.

Dividend Recommendation

It gives me immense pleasure to announce that the Board of Directors has recommended 12% cash dividend for ordinary shareholders other than sponsors and directors for the financial year 2024-2025. This proposal will now be placed before you for formal approval, and we sincerely hope it is to your satisfaction.

Finally, thank you once again for making the effort to attend our 10th AGM here at our factory premises today, despite any logistical difficulties.

We wish you and your families continued success and happiness.

Mir Mahfuza Mohammed

Mir Mahfuza Mohammed
Chairman



Strategic Review of the Managing Director

Dear Shareholders,

Welcome to the 10th AGM of MK Footwear PLC. It is a pleasure to address you today.

You will find a comprehensive overview of our business performance, challenges, and future possibilities in the various reports and sessions scheduled for today's meeting. However, as the Managing Director, I am obliged to provide a strategic overview of our efforts and direction over the past year.

Business Hardships and Sustainability

We believe, and consider you to be, smart business observers and investors, and as such, you are well-informed about the hardships we have navigated since entering the SME market, particularly during the year under review. The period was defined by significant global economic headwinds, including worldwide instability, which resulted in a persistent dollar crisis and severely hampered supply

chain systems, factors that deeply impacted business concerns like ours.

Despite these intense economic challenges and volatile conditions globally and domestically, the combined effort and true driving force of our people allowed us to deliver a sustainable performance. Crucially, we succeeded in holding our ground, ensuring we matched the export volume of the immediate past year.

The Strategy for Resilience

Our resilience was a direct result of strengthening internal processes and sharpening our strategic focus. While we aim to make the volume of export performance, our sustained stability was built on the Internal Alignment, Research & Development (R&D), Modernization and Diversification, Production Upswing, Customer Relationship Management, Operational Excellence and Cost Discipline. Throughout this challenging period, our organization remained resolute in its pursuit of sustainable growth.

Outlook and Future Positioning

We recognize the significant scope to increase footwear exports, as international buyers continue to diversify their sourcing and shift orders toward Bangladesh. With the expectation that the global economy will stabilize soon, we are confident in our ability to capitalize on these opportunities, we can indeed see the silver lining behind the clouds.

Acknowledging Gratitude

In closing, I want to extend my deepest gratitude and appreciation to everyone who supports our mission.

Thank you to our valued shareholders and clientele who have continued to entrust MK Footwear PLC with their loyalty over the years. I sincerely appreciate the dedication and hard work demonstrated by our Management Team and all staff members in the factory and Corporate Office-you are the core of our strength.

My sincere thanks also go to the Honourable Chairman and the Board of Directors for their strategic counsel while fronting unprecedented challenges.

Finally, I am deeply grateful to all stakeholders, including all regulatory bodies, for extending their crucial support and cooperation to the Company. With this powerful spirit of collaboration and unity, let us continue to build this Company into an Institution of Excellence that will stand the test of time.

Wishing you, my Best!


Noor Mohammed
Managing Director

Three Years Comparative

Key Financial Highlights

Operational Result

Amount in Taka

| Particulars | 2024-2025 | 2023-2024 | 2022-2023 |
|------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Revenue | 78,79,18,044 | 77,97,12,628 | 82,46,75,259 |
| Gross Profit | 18,83,91,708 | 18,67,85,138 | 11,81,31,988 |
| Profit From Operation | 18,05,24,299 | 17,44,82,373 | 9,21,23,844 |
| Profit/(Loss) before Tax | 10,28,16,350 | 6,14,94,618 | 6,11,44,094 |
| Net Profit/ (Loss) after Tax | 8,76,63,331 | 4,05,02,097 | 4,06,66,309 |

Financial Position

| Particulars | 2024-2025 | 2023-2024 | 2022-2023 |
|----------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Non-Current Assets | 105,40,75,307 | 125,67,56,526 | 132,76,89,922 |
| Current Assets | 120,19,42,806 | 117,94,95,179 | 92,36,00,546 |
| Shareholders' Equity | 71,20,96,034 | 72,83,09,828 | 78,01,96,356 |
| Short Term Liability | 92,41,23,806 | 78,21,78,444 | 68,50,71,502 |

Financial Ratios

| Particulars | 2024-2025 | 2023-2024 | 2022-2023 |
|------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Current Ratio | 1.19 | 1.06 | 1.09 |
| Debt Equity Ratio | 2.01 | 1.84 | 1.64 |
| Net Income Ratio | 11.13% | 5.19% | 4.93% |
| Return to Equity Ratio | 12.31% | 5.56% | 5.21% |
| Earnings Per Share | 1.83 | 0.85 | 1.07 |

Graphical Presentation

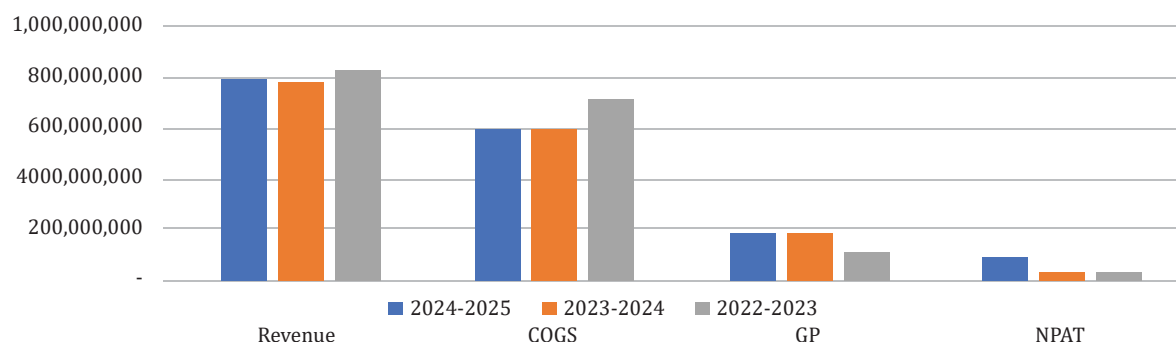
Revenue VS COGS VS GP VS NPAT

In Figure

Amount in Taka

| Year | Revenue | COGS | GP | NPAT |
|-----------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------|
| 2024-2025 | 787,918,044 | 599,526,336 | 188,391,708 | 87,663,331 |
| 2023-2024 | 779,712,628 | 592,927,490 | 186,785,138 | 40,502,097 |
| 2022-2023 | 824,675,259 | 706,543,271 | 118,131,988 | 40,666,309 |

In Graph



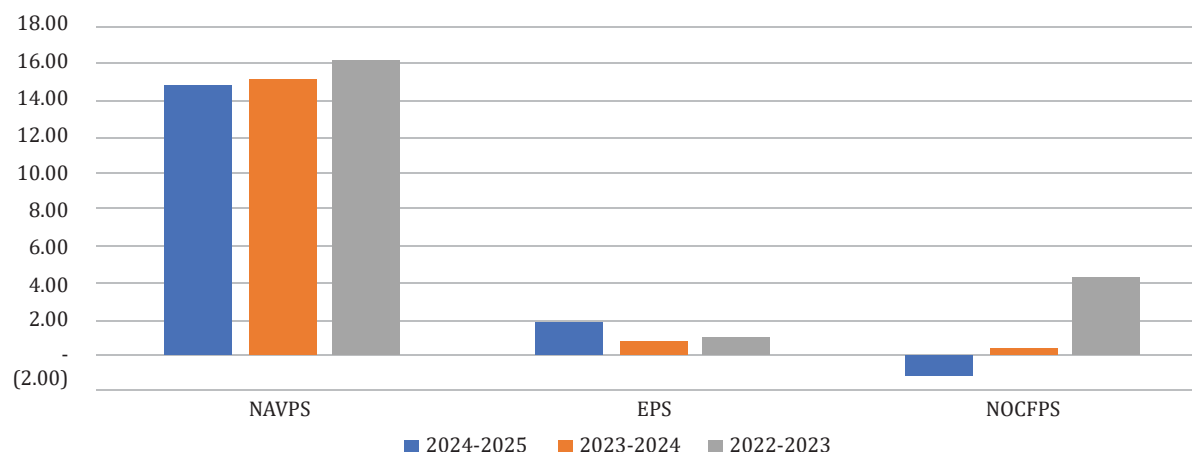
NAVPS VS EPS VS NOCFPS

In Figure

Amount in Taka

| Year | NAVPS | EPS | NOCFPS |
|-----------|-------|------|--------|
| 2024-2025 | 14.88 | 1.83 | (1.05) |
| 2023-2024 | 15.22 | 0.85 | 0.57 |
| 2022-2023 | 16.31 | 1.07 | 4.28 |

In Graph



Capital Structure of the Company

Authorized Share Capital : Tk. 100,00,00,000

Paid-up Capital : Tk. 47,84,72,000

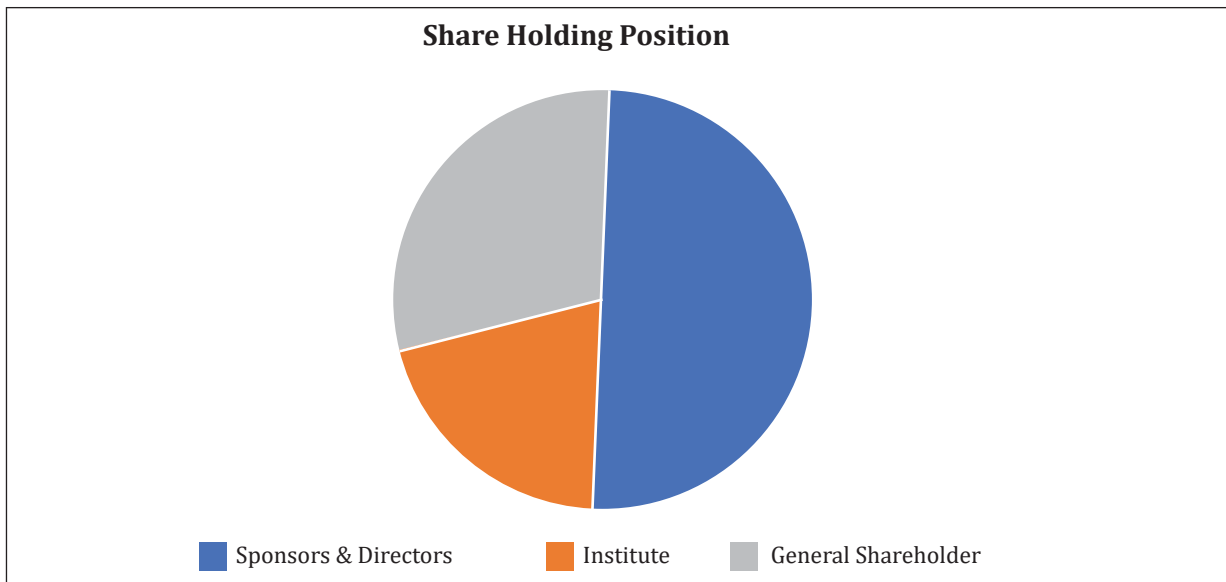
Share Holding Position

In Figure

| | As on June 30, 2025 | | |
|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------|-------------|
| | No. of Shares | Value of Shares | % of Shares |
| Sponsors & Directors | 2,44,67,200 | 24,46,72,000 | 51.14% |
| Institute | 97,85,854 | 9,78,58,540 | 20.45% |
| General Shareholders | 1,35,94,146 | 13,59,41,460 | 28.41% |
| Total | 4,78,47,200 | 47,84,72,000 | 100% |

Share Holding Position

In Graph



Free Float Shares

| | Particulars | Nos of Shares Held | | % of Total Shares |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| 1 | Total No of Shares Outstanding | | 4,78,47,200 | 100% |
| Less: | a. Shares Held by Sponsors/Directors | 2,44,67,200 | | 51.14% |
| | b. Shares Held by Government | 0 | | 0% |
| 2 | Sub-Total (a+b) | | 2,44,67,200 | 51.14% |
| Total Free Float Shares (1-2) | | | 2,33,80,000 | 48.86% |

Director's Report to the Shareholders

Dear Shareholders,

Assalamu Alaikum!

The Board of Directors acknowledges and appreciates the opportunity to present the Directors' Report, Audited Financial Statements, and the Auditor's Report for the period ended June 30, 2025. These documents, including the necessary disclosures, are now provided for your consideration, approval, and formal adoption.

This Report has been prepared according to section 184 of the Companies Act, 1994 and Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Commission (BSEC) Notification No. BSEC/CMRRCD/2006-158/207/Admin/80, date June 03, 2018.

Global Economic and Geopolitical Landscape

The current global landscape is characterized by pervasive instability across political, economic, and social domains. Although the beginning of each year brings an expectation of calm and peaceful continuity, a convergence of crises continues to escalate, leading the global community toward significant jeopardy.

Geopolitical conflicts, notably in Europe, Asia, and Africa, are creating multi-faceted crises that directly impact human life and global stability. These conflicts have severely disrupted the international supply chain for both raw materials and consumable goods, resulting in widespread global inflation. Consequently, populations worldwide are being forced to reduce their cost of living simply to survive. Furthermore, within the fiscal year under review, the world faced an unforeseen economic challenge: the imposition of new taxes by the USA. Such actions introduce unexpected complexity, particularly when global cooperation and solutions are most needed.

Given this challenging global environment, the significant difficulties inherent in conducting export-oriented business from Bangladesh are readily apparent and must be understood.

Challenges in the Export-Oriented Footwear Sector

As a manufacturer and supplier of footwear, we acknowledge our relatively modest role in the context of global consumption. The inherent advantages traditionally enjoyed by the industry, such as lower labor wages, are diminishing rapidly. Simultaneously, critical operational supports, including power supply and other logistical services, are experiencing significant cost escalation.

Furthermore, the domestic financial environment has deteriorated, particularly following the political transition in the country last year. The resulting foreign currency crisis, specifically the shortage of US dollars, has severely disrupted the ease of opening Letters of Credit (LCs) and settling import bills. This constraint occasionally affects our company's credit standing with raw material suppliers.

Nevertheless, through the collective effort and dedicated contribution of every member of our organization, we have successfully maintained our competitiveness and ensured the company's survival despite these challenging conditions.

Growth and Strategic Importance of the Footwear Export Sector

Bangladesh's export sector is actively pursuing strategic diversification beyond traditional Ready-Made Garments (RMG) and textiles, with a major focus on expanding product lines, particularly footwear, and exploring new global markets. Following concerted efforts over the medium term, the footwear sector has successfully positioned itself as the second-largest contributor to the nation's total export earnings, immediately following RMG. It is imperative that the continuous growth of footwear exports be prioritized to solidify its standing alongside the RMG sector.

MK Footwear PLC.

It is highly encouraging that the Bangladeshi footwear sector has already established a robust foundation in the international market, known for manufacturing high-quality products at competitive prices. Our primary export destinations currently include key EU countries such as Germany, the Netherlands, Poland, Spain, and Italy, in addition to Canada and the USA. Furthermore, the government is actively promoting the exploration of new destinations in other global regions, including North America.

The footwear industry has experienced a significant and rapid rise over the past decade. These current growth trends strongly indicate a magnificent future for the sector, which is essential for sustaining the country's economic momentum in the years ahead.

Revenue Performance and Operational Highlights

The Company operates as a 100% export-oriented entity, with its principal activity being the manufacturing and exporting of various footwear types, primarily those utilizing synthetic/non-leather materials.

Navigating the global economic downturn made maintaining a positive performance trajectory exceptionally challenging during the past fiscal year. However, through efficient and prudent management control across all processes, the Company successfully mitigated the risk of financial catastrophe. Consequently, our total sales proceeds for the year stood at Tk. 78,79,18,044, enabling us to achieve a substantial profit.

The comparative operating financial results of the Company for the year 2024–2025 versus the previous fiscal years are presented in the table below:

| Particulars | 2024-2025 | 2023-2024 | 2022-2023 |
|--------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Revenue | 78,79,18,044 | 77,97,12,628 | 82,46,75,259 |
| Gross Profit | 18,83,91,708 | 18,67,85,138 | 11,81,31,988 |
| Net Profit before Tax | 10,28,16,350 | 6,14,94,618 | 6,11,44,094 |
| Provision for Taxation | 1,74,15,986 | 44,44,313 | 1,06,93,160 |
| Net Profit after Tax | 8,76,63,331 | 4,05,02,097 | 4,06,66,309 |
| Earnings Per Share (EPS) | 1.83 | 0.85 | 1.07 |

Discussion on Cost of Goods Sold, Gross Profit, and Net Profit

The analysis of the Company's financial performance is centered on assessing the profitability tone of the business, specifically comparing the results for the current period against the previous year.

To facilitate a comprehensive understanding and justification of our business growth, the relevant financial data concerning the Cost of Goods Sold, Gross Profit, and Net Profit is furnished in the table below for your review:

| Particulars | 2024-2025 | 2023-2024 | 2022-2023 |
|----------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Revenue | 78,79,18,044 | 77,97,12,628 | 82,46,75,259 |
| Cost of Goods Sold | 59,95,26,336 | 59,29,27,490 | 70,65,43,271 |
| Gross Profit | 18,83,91,708 | 18,67,85,138 | 11,81,31,988 |
| Net Profit after Tax | 8,76,63,331 | 4,05,02,097 | 4,06,66,309 |

Risk Management

The global economy is largely driven by the policies of interconnected nations, making the Company susceptible to both positive and negative impacts stemming from changes in international or domestic regulations. Any disruption in the supply chain, or an escalation in raw material prices resulting from international policy shifts, could adversely affect production schedules and profitability in both the short and long term.

Furthermore, the Company's operational performance is vulnerable to natural disasters, political instability, and economic fluctuations, both within Bangladesh and globally. Instances of domestic political turmoil and disturbance, in particular, may negatively impact the national economy and, consequently, our business environment. Similarly, risks and concerns specific to the industry are often dependent on government policy. However, given that exports are a major source of foreign currency earnings, the sector has consistently received special consideration from successive governments, a trend the Company anticipates will continue.

In anticipation of these potential situations, the Company has established a robust Internal Control and Compliance department. This department is tasked with the continuous identification of different business risks and the development of strategies to mitigate them. Should specific complexities arise, the Company engages external experts and legal advisors for specialized consultation.

Related Party Disclosure

Related party disclosures are presented in note no. 42.00 of the notes to the financial statements.

Directors' Retirement and Re-Appointment

The procedures for the appointment, retirement, and re-appointment of Directors are mandated by the Company's Articles of Association, the Companies Act, 1994, and related statutory provisions. Consequently, the Board confirms that the following two Directors will retire at the Annual General Meeting and, being eligible, are proposed for re-appointment:

1. Mr. Md. Akteruzzaman
2. Mr. F. M. Hasan Mahfuz Russell

Statement on Financial Reporting Framework

Financial Reporting Framework (FRF) is the structured set of guidelines, principles, and standards that dictates how an entity's financial statements are prepared and presented. The primary objective of adopting a specific framework is to ensure consistency, transparency, and comparability in financial information, thereby enabling stakeholders, including investors, creditors, and regulators, to make informed decisions.

The financial statements of MK Footwear PLC have been prepared in compliance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and International Accounting Standards (IAS), as applicable in Bangladesh, and uphold the following key principles:

Compliance and Key Features

- **Fair Presentation of Financial Statements:** The Management certifies that the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the Company's state of affairs, the results of its operations, its cash flows, and changes in equity for the reporting period.
- **Maintenance of Books of Accounts:** The Company has maintained proper books of accounts and records as required by relevant statutes.
- **Consistent Application of Accounting Policies:** Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in the preparation of these financial statements. Furthermore, accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- **Adherence to IFRS/IAS:** The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with **International Accounting Standards (IAS)** and **International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)**, as adopted and applicable under the regulations of Bangladesh.

MK Footwear PLC.

Internal Control System (ICS)

The Internal Control System (ICS) comprises the policies, procedures, and activities designed to help an organization achieve its objectives efficiently and effectively to safeguard assets, ensure the reliability of financial reporting, and promote compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

MK Footwear PLC has established and continues to maintain an appropriate Internal Control System in line with the principles for reasonable assurance against material misstatement, fraud, errors and limit the possibility of human error or management override.

Minority Shareholders Interest

In compliance with the Corporate Governance Code 2018 of the Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Commission (BSEC), the Board of Directors hereby confirms that the Company has duly protected the interests of its minority shareholders.

Emphasizing the Going Concern Confirmation

The Board of Directors has reviewed the Company's current and projected business performance, liquidity, financial arrangements, and overall business plans and strategies. Based on this review, the Board is satisfied that the Company has adequate resources to continue its operations in the foreseeable future and to meet the requirements of its existing business.

Consequently, the Board confirms that:

- There is no material uncertainty in preparing the Financial Statements.
- There are no significant doubts or threats regarding the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Key Operational and Financial Data at least preceding 05 years:

| Particulars | 2024-2025 | 2023-2024 | 2022-2023 | 2021-2022 | 2020-2021 |
|--------------------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Authorized Capital | 100,00,00,000 | 100,00,00,000 | 100,00,00,000 | 100,00,00,000 | 5,00,00,000 |
| Total non-current Assets | 1,05,40,75,307 | 125,67,56,526 | 132,76,89,922 | 123,11,69,273 | 114,26,91,923 |
| Retained Earnings | 23,36,24,034 | 16,93,40,703 | 15,22,18,606 | 11,15,52,297 | 84,63,012 |
| Revenue | 78,79,18,044 | 77,97,12,628 | 82,46,75,259 | 126,88,44,877 | 43,55,05,568 |
| Gross Profit | 18,83,91,708 | 18,67,85,138 | 11,81,31,988 | 16,63,72,819 | 7,52,50,470 |
| Profit before Tax | 10,28,16,350 | 6,14,94,618 | 6,11,44,094 | 11,12,99,904 | 1,50,49,627 |
| Profit after Tax | 8,76,63,331 | 4,05,02,097 | 4,06,66,309 | 10,30,89,285 | 1,08,04,591 |
| EPS | 1.83 | 0.85 | 1.07 | 3.19 | 10.80 |
| NAV | 14.88 | 15.22 | 16.31 | 12.95 | 10.27 |

Dividend

The Board of Directors of MK Footwear PLC. has recommended 12% cash dividend to shareholders other than sponsors and director for the year 2024-2025.

Interim Dividend

No interim dividend was declared during the year 2024-2025.

Dividend Policy

MK Footwear PLC. maintains a Dividend Policy in line with the Acts, Rules, and Regulations of the concerned authorities. The key points are as follows:

- i) The profit of the Company, subject to any special right relating thereto created or authorized to be created by the Memorandum and subject to the provisions of the Articles of Association, shall be divisible among the members in proportion to the amount of capital paid-up on the shares held by them respectively.

- ii) The dividend shall be recommended by the Board of Directors time to time for distributing the accumulated profit.
- iii) No dividend shall be payable except out of the profits of the Company or any other undistributed profits. The dividend shall not carry interest as against the Company.
- iv) The Directors may from time to time pay the members such interim dividend as in their judgments on the financial position of the Company may justify.
- v) A transfer of shares shall not pass the right to any dividend declared thereon before the registration of transfer.
- vi) The Company shall maintain all rules and compliance of DSE, CSE and BSEC on the subject of Dividend.
- vii) No limitation in payment of the dividend is stipulated in any debt instrument or otherwise.

Dividend History

MK Footwear PLC., is an investor-oriented organization. The Board of Directors always try to maintain consistency declaring dividend to the shareholders.

Dividend history of our company after listing with stock exchange is as under

| Type of Dividend | 2024-2025 | 2023-2024 | 2022-2023 | Remarks |
|------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---|
| Cash Dividend | 12% | 10% | 10% | Dividend Declared for General Shareholders other than Sponsors & Directors. |

Unclaimed/Unsettled Dividends

Unclaimed/unsettled dividends are taken care of pursuant to directives issued from time to time by the Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Commission and other regulatory authorities.

Board Meetings and Attendance

The Board of Directors held meetings during the 2024-2025 financial year in compliance with Section 96 of the companies Act, 1994. These meetings were necessary to discuss various operational and financial matters, including production and exports, review of company operations and review of the Company's financial results.

To ensure the acceleration of both the Company's operational and financial performance, the Board convened a total of 12 meetings during the financial year 2024-2025. The attendance status of the Directors was as follows:

| SL. No. | Name | Position | Meeting | Attended |
|---------|----------------------------|-------------------|---------|----------|
| 1 | Mir Mahfuza Mohammed | Chairman | 12 | 12 |
| 2 | Noor Mohammed | Managing Director | 12 | 12 |
| 3 | Md. Akteruzzaman | Director | 12 | 12 |
| 4 | F. M. Hasan Mahfuz Russell | Director | 12 | 12 |

Position of Shareholding Directors and Management

The details of the shareholding position for the Chairman, Managing Director, Directors, Chief Financial Officer, and Company Secretary as of June 30, 2025, are provided below:

| SL. No. | Name | Position | Total nos. of Shares | % of total Share holding position |
|---------|----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1 | Mir Mahfuza Mohammed | Chairman | 30,00,000 | 6.27% |
| 2 | Noor Mohammed | Managing Director | 1,78,67,200 | 37.34% |
| 3 | Md. Akteruzzaman | Director | 21,00,000 | 4.39% |
| 4 | F. M. Hasan Mahfuz Russell | Director | 15,00,000 | 3.13% |
| 5 | Mohammed Tohidul Islam | Company Secretary | Nil | Nil |
| 6 | Mohammad Mahabub Alam | Chief Financial Officer | Nil | Nil |

MK Footwear PLC.

Appointment of External Auditors

Current Appointment

In accordance with the Shareholders' approval obtained at the 9th Annual General Meeting (AGM), the Board of Directors of MK Footwear PLC. appointed Anil Salam Idris & Co., Chartered Accountants, as the Statutory/ External Auditors to conduct the audit of the financial statements for the year 2024-2025.

Proposed Re-appointment

Since the 2024-2025 audit year is the first year of service for Anil Salam Idris & Co., Chartered Accountants, and the firm is eligible for re-appointment, the Board recommended their re-appointment for the audit of the 2025-2026 financial year.

This recommendation will be presented to the Shareholders for approval at the 10th AGM.

Declaration by CEO & CFO to the Board

The Declaration by the CEO and the CFO to the Board has been disclosed on page 21.

Relation and Communication with Shareholders

Compliance and General Meetings

The Company maintains regular communication with its shareholders by holding Annual General Meetings (AGMs). These meetings are conducted in strict compliance with the Companies Act, 1994, the Rules and Regulations of the Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Commission (BSEC), and other relevant regulatory authorities. The AGMs serve to inform shareholders about the Company's progress, activities, and development initiatives undertaken by the Board.

Consequently, shareholders, concerned organizations, and the general public receive timely information regarding the Company's performance.

Communication Channels

Shareholders can obtain necessary information directly from our Share Department via landline phone or email.

Regular communication with shareholders is maintained through the following channels:

- Registered Office, Landline Phone, E-mail, Annual Report, Annual General Meetings (AGM) and Company Website.

SWOT Analysis

SWOT is an acronym that stands for Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities, and Threats. It is a powerful strategic planning and analysis tool used by companies to evaluate their current position and potential for future growth. It also helps in decision-making, setting goals, and formulating a roadmap for future action.

We, MK Footwear PLC., are considering SWOT from two perspectives:

- Internal Factors:** As Internal Factors, we are always trying to Leverage the Strengths (S)—i.e., what do we do well? —and to Address the Weaknesses (W)—i.e., what areas need improvement?
- External Factors:** As External Factors, we are always trying to Capitalize on the Opportunities (O)—i.e., what market trends can we capitalize on? —and to Mitigate the Threats (T)—i.e., who are our emerging competitors?

Appreciation

Finally, on behalf of the Board of Directors, I extend my sincere thanks to the entire team of MK Footwear PLC- including the management, employees, and workers—for their tremendous efforts, dedication, and resilience.

MK Footwear PLC.

Delivering strong results during the fiscal year 2024-2025 is a particularly noteworthy achievement, given the fiercely competitive environment and the challenges posed by the unstable global economy.

The Board also expresses its sincere gratitude to all our valued stakeholders, including the Banks, BSEC, DSE, CSE, and CDBL, for their continued support and essential guidance throughout the year under review.

Looking ahead, we pledge our unwavering dedication to establishing a strong and enduring foundation for the Company's sustained growth and long-term success.

Thank you all

On behalf of the Board of Directors,



Mir Mahfuza Mohammed
Chairman

MK Footwear PLC.

Declaration by CEO & CFO

The Board of Directors

MK Footwear PLC.

Subject: Declaration on Financial Statements for the year ended on June 30, 2025.

Dear Sirs,

Pursuant to the condition No. 1(5)(xxvi) imposed vide the Commission's Notification No. SEC/CMRRCD/2006-158/207/Admin/80 Dated 03 June, 2018 under section 2CC of the Securities and Exchange Ordinance, 1969;

We do hereby declare that:

- (1) The Financial Statements of MK Footwear PLC for the year ended on 30 June, 2025 have been prepared in compliance with International Accounting Standards (IAS) or International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), as applicable in the Bangladesh;
- (2) The estimates and judgments related to the financial statements were made on a prudent and reasonable basis, in order for the financial statements to reveal a true and fair view;
- (3) The form and substance of transactions and the Company's state of affairs have been reasonably and fairly presented in its financial statements;
- (4) To ensure above, the Company has taken proper and adequate care in installing a system of internal control and maintenance of accounting records;
- (5) Our internal auditors have conducted periodic audits to provide reasonable assurance that the established policies and procedures of the Company were consistently followed; and
- (6) The management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements is appropriate and there exists no material uncertainty related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

In this regard, we also certify that:

- (i) We have reviewed the financial statements for the year ended on 30 June, 2025 and that to the best of our knowledge and belief:
- (ii) these statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
- (iii) these statements collectively present true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards and applicable laws.
- (iv) There are, to the best of knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company during the year which are fraudulent, illegal or in violation of the code of conduct for the company's Board of Directors or its members. he company's Board of Directors or its members.

Sincerely yours,



F. M. Hasan Mahfuz Russell
CEO



Mohammad Mahabub Alam
CFO

MK Footwear PLC.

Our Customers



Certifications



MK Footwear PLC.

**Independent Auditor's Report
To the shareholders of
MK Footwear PLC.
Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of MK Footwear PLC (the Company), which comprise the Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2025, and Statement of profit or loss & other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 30 June 2025, and of its performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs), the Companies Act 1994, the securities and Exchange Rules 2020 and other applicable laws and regulations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matters

Without qualifying our opinion, we would like to draw attention to the following matters:

1. With reference to the Note #23 we state that the section 232 & 234 of the Bangladesh Labour Act 2006 requires the Company is to pay 5% of its profit before tax to the worker profit participation fund (WPPF). The Company has made a provision of BDT 3,074,731 for WPPF in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the year 2023-2024. Out of this amount, 81% (i.e., BDT 2,490,532) was deposited into the Sromik Kallyan Foundation Fund on 29 May 2025, while the remaining 19% (i.e., BDT 584,199) has not yet been deposited.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

| Risk | Our response to the risk |
|--|---|
| Revenue-Export, Cash Incentive & Accounts & Other Receivables | |
| <p>For the year ended 30 June 2025, the Company reported the following in its financial statements:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Export revenue (Note 26): BDT 787,918,044• Accounts and other receivables (Note 11): BDT 685,463,206 <p>The Company generates revenue primarily from export sales and receives cash incentives from the Government of Bangladesh. The timing of revenue recognition and realization exposes the Company to foreign exchange fluctuations.</p> | <p>We have tested the design and operating effectiveness of key controls focusing on the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Obtaining an understanding of and assessing the design and operating effectiveness of controls to ensure revenue is recognized in the correct accounting period.• Assessed whether the revenue recognition policy is appropriate and is in line with IFRS 15 – Revenue from contracts with customers• Performed walkthrough tests to understand the adequacy and the design of the revenue cycle.• Obtaining and reviewing the Sales Ledger. |

| | |
|---|---|
| <p>Revenue is also subject to overstatement risks, including potential manipulation of the timing of Letters of Credit and export shipments, as well as misstatement of discounts, incentives, and rebates that may arise from management pressure to achieve performance targets.</p> <p>Revenue recognition is a key audit matter as it is a key performance indicator of the Company, giving rise to inherent risks related to existence, accuracy, and completeness of revenue.</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Selecting a sample of sales contracts, sales invoices, Bills of Export, and Bills of Lading and verifying their agreement with VAT returns and the Sales Ledger. • For cash incentives: reviewing the Cash Incentive Ledger, certificates from Chartered Accountants, proceeds realization certificates, bank applications, and bank confirmations. • Collecting bank certificates regarding export, export realization, and PRCs for subsequent receivable realization. • For accounts and other receivables: reviewing ledgers, Bills of Export for outstanding invoices, and PRCs for subsequent receivable realization. • Assessing the appropriateness and presentation of revenue-related disclosures in accordance with applicable accounting standards. |
| Valuation of inventory | |
| <p>The company had inventory of (Note-10) BDT 452,823,830 at reporting date, held in distribution centers, warehouses and numerous branches, and across multiple product lines.</p> <p>Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realizable value. As a result, the management apply judgment in determining the appropriate values for slow-moving or obsolete items.</p> | <p>We challenged the appropriateness of management's assumptions applied in calculating the value of the inventory provisions by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evaluating the design and implementation of key inventory controls operating across the company, including those at a sample of distribution centers and warehouses. • Attending inventory counts and reconciling the count results to the inventory listings to test the completeness of data; • comparing the net realizable value, obtained through a detailed review of sales subsequent to the year-end, to the cost price of a sample of inventories and comparison to the associated to assess whether inventory provisions are complete; • reviewing the historical accuracy of inventory provisioning, and the level of inventory write-offs during the year; and challenging the completeness of inventory provisions through assessing actual and forecast sales of inventory lines to assess whether provisions for slow-moving/ obsolete stock are valid and complete. • Evaluated, on a sample basis, whether inventories were stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value at the reporting date by comparing the sales prices of inventories subsequent to the reporting date; • Comparing the net realizable value obtained through a detailed review of sales subsequent to the yearend, to the cost price of a sample of inventories and comparison to the associated provision to assess whether inventory provisions are complete; • Finally, assessed the appropriateness and presentation of disclosures related to relevant accounting standards. |

| Valuation of Property, plant and equipment | |
|--|--|
| <p>At the reporting date, the carrying value of the Company's property, plant and equipment amounted to Taka 1,046,066,089. The valuation of property, plant, and equipment was identified as a key audit matter due to the significance of this balance to the financial statements, as well as the significance of management's judgements in determining its valuation.</p> <p>In considering the valuation of property, plant, and equipment, we focused on the assessment of the followings:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inherent risks associated with property, plant and equipment. • Potential misstatements in property, plant, and equipment on account of frauds and errors. • Assessment of useful lives of assets. • Assessment of impairment of assets. <p>Inherent risks associated with property, plant and equipment</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Property, plant and equipment may include assets that should have been derecognized following sale, other transfer of rights or abandonment. • Expenditure that should have been recognized as property, plant and equipment but has not been so recognized, including capitalized finance costs. • Depreciation may have been incorrectly calculated. <p>Assessment of useful lives of assets Management applies estimates and judgements in its determination of useful lives of assets and reviews the useful lives of assets at each financial year end and adjusts for changes, where appropriate.</p> <p>Impairment of assessment At the end of each reporting period, management assesses whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, management estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If the recoverable amount of an asset is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount.</p> <p>The associated disclosure is included within Note 5. For specific details on the Company's accounting policy, please see Note 2.18.</p> | <p>We obtained an understanding of the client and its environment to consider inherent risk related to property, plant, and equipment. Our understanding includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Obtaining an understanding of the internal control over property, plant, and equipment. • Assessing the risks of material misstatement and designing tests of controls and substantive procedures that cover the following aspects: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Substantiate the existence of property, plant, and equipment. ✓ Establish the completeness of recorded property, plant, and equipment. ✓ Verify the cut-off of transactions affecting property, plant, and equipment. ✓ Establish the proper valuation or allocation of property, plant, and equipment and the accuracy of transactions affecting property, plant, and equipment. ✓ Determine the correctness and appropriateness of classification of property, plant and equipment. • We evaluated the assumptions made by management in the determination of useful lives to ensure that these are consistent with the principles of IAS 16. "Property, Plant and Equipment". • We compared the useful lives of each class of asset in the current year to the prior year to determine whether there were any significant changes in the useful lives of assets, and considered the reasonableness of changes based on our knowledge of the business and the industry. • We assessed whether there are circumstances that indicate a possible impairment of property, plant and equipment and if such circumstances exist, how the same have been dealt with by the entity. |

| Measurement of deferred tax Liability | |
|--|---|
| <p>Company reported net deferred tax liability amounting to Taka 22,709,534 as at 30 June 2025.</p> <p>Significant judgment is required in relation to deferred tax liability as their liability is dependent on forecasts of future profitability over a number of years.</p> | <p>Our audit procedures included the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • We evaluated the design and tested the operating effectiveness of controls in respect of the recognition and measurement of uncertain tax provisions. We determined that we could rely on these controls for the purposes of our audit. • With the assistance of our tax specialists, we evaluated management's judgments and estimates of tax exposures and contingencies in order to assess the adequacy of the Company's tax provisions. In understanding and evaluating management's judgments, we considered the status of recent and current tax authority audits and enquiries, judgmental positions taken in tax returns and current year estimates and developments in the tax environment. • We also assessed the completeness and accuracy of the data used for the estimations of future taxable income; • We involved tax specialists to assess key assumptions, controls, recognition and measurement of deferred tax liabilities; • We also assessed the appropriateness of presentation of disclosures against IAS-12 income tax. |
| Short & Long Term Loan | |
| <p>As at 30 June 2025, the reported amount of total long-term loan is Tk. 1,010,591,098 (Note:18), Short Term Loan Tk. 416,964,958 (Note:21) and Accepted Liability (Note:20) 37,105,105 respectively. The company borrowed fund from Rupali Bank Ltd.</p> <p>The company may face difficulties due to unfavorable movement in interest rate, monetary policy and adverse variance between Import & export that may result in short-term cash flow crisis.</p> | <p>Our audit procedures included the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reviewed loan agreements, sanction letters, and relevant correspondence with the bank. • Verified loan balances with bank statements and loan confirmations. • Examined the classification between short-term and long-term loans for appropriate presentation and disclosure. • Assessed compliance with loan covenants, repayment schedules, and interest rate terms. • Reviewed management's cash flow projections and ability to service debt obligations. • Evaluated the adequacy of related disclosures in the financial statements. |

Other Matter

Management and Those Charged with Governance are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but not included the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the information is materially inconsistent with financial statements or our knowledge obtain in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this information, we are required to report the fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

MK Footwear PLC.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements and Internal Controls

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRSs as explained in note 2, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. The Companies Act, 1994 require the Management to ensure effective internal audit, internal control and risk management functions of the Company.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter

or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the Companies Act 1994 and the Securities and Exchange Rules 1987, we also report the following:

- a) we have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit and made due verification thereof;
- b) in our opinion, proper books of accounts as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appeared from our examination of these books;
- c) the statements of financial position and the statement of profit or loss and comprehensive income dealt with by the report are in agreement with the books of accounts and returns; and
- d) the expenditure incurred was for the purposes of the Company's business.

Firm's Name : Anil Salam Idris & Co., Chartered Accountants

Firm's FRC Enlistment No. : CAF-001-100

Signature : 

Engagement Partner Name : Md. Anwar Hossain, FCA
Managing Partner/ ICAB Enrollment No. 1415

FRC Enlistment No. : CA-001-282

DVC Number : 2510281415AS526672

Date : 28 October 2025

MK Footwear PLC.

MK Footwear PLC.
Statement of Financial Position
As on 30 June, 2025

| | | <u>Amount in BDT</u> | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Particulars | Notes | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 |
| ASSETS | | | |
| Property, Plant and Equipment | 5 | 1,046,066,089 | 1,133,938,482 |
| Intangible Assets | 6 | 39,616 | 56,595 |
| Investment | 7 | - | 111,952,500 |
| Right-of-use (ROU) assets | 8 | 6,774,602 | 9,613,949 |
| Non-Current Security Deposits | 9 | 1,195,000 | 1,195,000 |
| Total Non-Current Assets | | 1,054,075,307 | 1,256,756,526 |
| Inventories | 10 | 452,823,830 | 430,112,239 |
| Accounts & Other Receivables | 11 | 685,463,206 | 656,975,594 |
| Inter-Company Receivable | 12 | - | 6,147,000 |
| Advance Income Tax | 13 | 23,178,599 | 15,251,804 |
| Cash & Cash Equivalent | 14 | 40,477,172 | 71,008,542 |
| Total Current Assets | | 1,201,942,806 | 1,179,495,179 |
| Total Assets | | 2,256,018,113 | 2,436,251,705 |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | | |
| Share Capital | 15 | 478,472,000 | 478,472,000 |
| Fair value Gain/(Loss) | 16 | - | 80,497,125 |
| Retained Earnings | 17 | 233,624,034 | 169,340,703 |
| Shareholders equity | | 712,096,034 | 728,309,828 |
| Long Term Loan-Non Current Maturity | 18 | 505,873,833 | 554,855,156 |
| Lease liability (non-current portion) | 19 | 4,044,650 | 5,156,126 |
| Deferred Tax Liabilities/(Assets) | Annexure-V | 22,709,534 | 39,177,876 |
| Total Non-Current Liabilities | | 532,628,017 | 599,189,158 |
| Trade and Other Payables | 20 | 37,105,105 | 269,314,520 |
| Term Loan-Current Maturity | 18 | 504,717,265 | 359,754,137 |
| Lease liability (current portion) | 19 | 2,441,583 | 3,252,513 |
| Short Term Loan | 21 | 416,964,958 | 419,171,794 |
| Liabilities for Expenses | 22 | 11,440,766 | 36,234,959 |
| Provision for WPPF | 23 | 5,725,017 | 5,826,215 |
| Provision for Tax | 24 | 32,468,534 | 15,052,548 |
| Dividend Payable | 25 | 430,835 | 146,033 |
| Total Current Liabilities | | 1,011,294,062 | 1,108,752,719 |
| Total Equity and Liabilities | | 2,256,018,113 | 2,436,251,705 |
| Net Asset Value Per Share | 35 | 14.88 | 15.22 |

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.


Chairman


Director


Managing Director

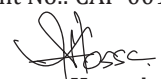

Chief Financial Officer


Company Secretary

Signed in terms of our separate report of even date

Anil Salam Idris & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm's FRC Enlistment No.: CAF-001-100

Dated: Dhaka
28 October 2025


Md. Anwar Hossain, FCA
Managing Partner
ICAB Enrollment No: 1415
FRC Enlistment No.: CA-001-282
DVC No.: 2510281415AS526672

MK Footwear PLC.

MK Footwear PLC.
Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income
For the year ended 30 June, 2025


| | | <u>Amount in BDT</u> | |
|--|------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Particulars | Notes | 01 July 2024 to 30 June 2025 | 01 July 2023 to 30 June 2024 |
| Revenue | 26 | 787,918,044 | 779,712,628 |
| Cost of Goods sold | 27 | (599,526,336) | (592,927,490) |
| Gross Profit/(Loss) | | 188,391,708 | 186,785,138 |
| Foreign Exchange Gain/(Loss) | 28 | 12,942,393 | 15,763,645 |
| Administrative Expenses | 29 | (13,645,613) | (20,500,317) |
| Distribution Expenses | 30 | (7,164,189) | (7,566,093) |
| Operating Profit/ (Loss) | | 180,524,299 | 174,482,373 |
| Non-Operating Income | 31 | 64,057,706 | 23,873,668 |
| Profit/(Loss) before interest & Tax | | 244,582,005 | 198,356,041 |
| Financial Expenses | 32 | (136,624,837) | (133,786,692) |
| Profit/(Loss) before WPPF & Tax | | 107,957,168 | 64,569,349 |
| Workers' Profit Participation Fund (WPPF) | | (5,140,818) | (3,074,731) |
| Profit/(Loss) before Tax | | 102,816,350 | 61,494,618 |
| Current Tax Expense | 24 | (17,415,986) | (4,444,313) |
| Deferred Tax (Expenses)/Income | Annexure-V | 2,262,967 | (16,548,209) |
| Net Profit/(Loss) after Tax | | 87,663,331 | 40,502,097 |
| Fair value Gain/(Loss) on Investment | 7 | - | (71,415,000) |
| Deferred Tax (Expenses)/Income | Annexure-V | - | 2,406,375 |
| Other Comprehensive Inome | | - | (69,008,625) |
| Total Comprehensive Income for the year | | 87,663,331 | (28,506,528) |
| Basic Earnings Per Share (EPS) | 33 | 1.83 | 0.85 |
| Diluted Earnings Per Share (DEPS) | 33 | 1.83 | 0.85 |

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.


Chairman


Director


Managing Director



Chief Financial Officer


Company Secretary

Signed in terms of our separate report of even date

Anil Salam Idris & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm's FRC Enlistment No.: CAF-001-100

Dated: Dhaka
28 October 2025


Md. Anwar Hossain, FCA
Managing Partner
ICAB Enrollment No: 1415
FRC Enlistment No.: CA-001-282
DVC No.: 2510281415AS526672

MK Footwear PLC.

**MK Footwear PLC.
Statement of Changes in Equity
For the year ended 30 June, 2025**

Amount in BDT

| Particulars | Share Capital | Fair Value/ gain (loss) | Retained Earnings | Total |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| For the year ended 30 June 2025 | | | | |
| Balance as at 01 July, 2024 | 478,472,000 | 80,497,125 | 169,340,703 | 728,309,828 |
| Addition During the Period | - | - | 87,663,331 | 87,663,331 |
| Dividend | | - | (23,380,000) | (23,380,000) |
| Derecognized during the year | | (94,702,500) | - | (94,702,500) |
| Add/(Less) Deferred Tax (Expenses)/Income | - | 14,205,375 | - | 14,205,375 |
| Balance as on 30 June 2025 | 478,472,000 | - | 233,624,034 | 712,096,034 |

For the year ended 30 June 2024

| | | | | |
|---|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Balance as at 01 July, 2023 | 478,472,000 | 149,505,750 | 152,218,606 | 780,196,356 |
| Addition During the Period | - | (71,415,000) | 40,502,097 | (30,912,903) |
| Dividend | | | (23,380,000) | (23,380,000) |
| Add/(Less) Deferred Tax (Expenses)/Income | - | 2,406,375 | - | 2,406,375 |
| Balance as on 30 June 2024 | 478,472,000 | 80,497,125 | 169,340,703 | 728,309,828 |

| | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|---|
|  Chairman |  Director |  Managing Director |  Chief Financial Officer |  Company Secretary |
|--|--|---|--|---|

Dated: Dhaka
28 October 2025

MK Footwear PLC.
Statement of Cash Flows
For the year ended 30 June, 2025

Amount in BDT

| Particulars | Notes | 01 July 2024 to 30 June 2025 | 01 July 2023 to 30 June 2024 |
|---|-------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | | |
| Cash Received from Customers and others income | 36 | 779,898,713 | 438,824,804 |
| Cash Paid to Suppliers, employees & others expenses | 37 | (821,977,399) | (406,782,823) |
| Income tax paid | 38 | (7,926,795) | (4,592,723) |
| Net Cash (used in)/generated by operating activities (A) | | (50,005,480) | 27,449,259 |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | | |
| Property Plant and Equipment / Capital in Working Progress | 39 | - | (97,619,900) |
| ROU Assets | | - | - |
| Investment | | 80,974,800 | - |
| Inter-Company Receivable | | 6,147,000 | 94,179,000 |
| Intangible Assets | | - | - |
| Net Cash used (used in)/generated by investing activities (B) | | 87,121,800 | (3,440,900) |
| Cash flows from financing activities: | | | |
| Long term Bank Loan Received/(Re-paid) | | 95,981,805 | 65,430,621 |
| Short term Bank Loan Received/(Re-paid) | | (2,206,836) | (3,660,212) |
| Share Capital/Share Money Deposit Received | | - | - |
| Dividend Paid | | (23,095,198) | (23,233,967) |
| Lease Payment | | (2,963,412) | (2,791,461) |
| Financial Expenses | | (135,402,680) | (132,259,659) |
| Net cash flows from financing activities (C) | | (67,686,322) | (96,514,678) |
| Net changes increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C) | | (30,570,002) | (72,506,319) |
| Unrealized Foreign Exchange Gain/(Loss) | | 38,632 | 1,889,676 |
| Cash & cash equivalents at the beginning of the period | | 71,008,542 | 141,625,186 |
| Cash & cash equivalents at the end of the period | | 40,477,172 | 71,008,542 |
| Net Operating Cash Flow per share (NOCFPS) | 34 | (1.05) | 0.57 |

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.


Chairman


Director


Managing Director


Chief Financial Officer


Company Secretary

Dated: Dhaka
28 October 2025

MK Footwear PLC.
Notes to the Financial Statements
As on and For the year ended 30 June 2025

1.00 Reporting Entity

1.01 Company Profile

MK Footwear Ltd. was incorporated as a private limited company in Bangladesh on 12 November, 2015 under the Companies Act, 1994 and vide Registration No C-126912/2015. It is a 100% export oriented company. The company converted into public limited company vide Special Resolution in EGM dated May 29, 2022 and duly filed with & passed by RJSC. It has started commercial operation on 02 July, 2020. Bangladesh Security Exchange Commission vide letter BSEC/CI/QIO/SC-37/2022/1251 dated 3rd May 2023 MK Footwear PLC got permission for Qualified Investor Offer by Small Capital Company Rules, 2022.

Address of registered office of the company and factory of the company

Corporate office: The Corporate office of the company is located at Apt-1B, House No-17/A, Road No-3, DOHS Banani, Dhaka-1206

Registered Address: Nayonpur Bazar, Chalkpara, Medical more, Mawna - Dulivita Rd, Mawna Union 1740, Gazipur.

Factory Address: The factory is situated at Nayonpur Bazar, Chalkpara, Medical more, Mawna - Dulivita Rd, Mawna Union 1740, Gazipur.

1.02 Nature of business

The company is engaged in the production of all types of quality leather/synthetic footwear and export 100% of its produce to international market.

2.00 Basis of preparation and presentation of financial statements

2.01 Material Accounting Policy for the presentation of the financial Statements

The specific accounting policies selected and applied by the company's management for significant transactions and events that have material effect within the framework of IAS-1 "Presentation of Financial Statements", in preparation and presentation of financial statements have been consistently applied throughout the year and were also consistent with those used in earlier years.

2.02 Corporate financial statements and reporting

This comprises Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Profit or Loss and other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity, Statement of Cash Flows and other explanatory notes covering accounting policies.

This is prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 1994, International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and International Accounting Standards (IASs) adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Bangladesh (ICAB) and as applicable to this Company.

The Board of Directors are responsible for preparing and presenting the financial statements including adequate disclosures, who approved and authorized for issue of this financial statements.

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with the International Accounting Standards (IASs) requires Board of Directors to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenses, assets and liabilities at reporting date. Due to the inherent uncertainty involved in making estimates, actual result could differ from those estimates.

2.03 Fundamental accounting concepts/ assumptions

The financial statements have been prepared based on Going concern assumption, Consistency concept, Accrual basis and such other convention as required by IAS-1 for fair presentation of financial statements.

MK Footwear PLC.

2.04 Going concern

The company has adequate resources to continue its operation for the foreseeable future. For this reasons, the directors continue to adopt going concern basis in preparing the accounts. The current credit facilities and resources of the company provides sufficient fund to meet the present requirements of its existing business.

2.05 Compliance with IAS & IFRS

The following IAS is applicable to the financial statements for the year under review:

| IAS | Title | Remark |
|--------|---|---------|
| IAS 1 | Presentation of Financial Statements | Applied |
| IAS 2 | Inventories | Applied |
| IAS 7 | Statement of Cash Flows | Applied |
| IAS 8 | Accounting policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates & Errors | Applied |
| IAS 10 | Events after the Reporting period | Applied |
| IAS 12 | Income Taxes | Applied |
| IAS 16 | Property, Plant And Equipment | Applied |
| IAS 19 | Employee Benefits | Applied |
| IAS 21 | The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates | Applied |
| IAS 23 | Borrowing Costs | Applied |
| IAS 24 | Related Party Disclosures | Applied |
| IAS 32 | Financial Instruments: Presentation | Applied |
| IAS 33 | Earnings Per Share | Applied |
| IAS 36 | Impairment of Assets | Applied |
| IAS 37 | Provision , Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets | Applied |
| IAS 38 | Intangible Assets | Applied |

The following IFRS is applicable to the financial statements for the year under review:

| IFRS | Title | Remark |
|---------|---|----------------|
| IFRS 1 | First-time Adoption of Bangladesh Financial Reporting Standards | Applied |
| IFRS 7 | Financial Instruments: Disclosures | Applied |
| IFRS 8 | Operating Segments | Not Applicable |
| IFRS 9 | Financial Instruments | Applied |
| IFRS 15 | Revenue From Contracts with Customers | Applied |
| IFRS 16 | Leases | Applied |

2.06 Reporting period

The reporting period of the company covers one year from 01 July 2024 to 30 June 2025 and comparative information 01 July 2023 to 30 June 2024 respectively.

2.07 Comparative information and rearrangements thereof

In accordance with the provisions of IAS- 1: “Presentation of Financial Statements”, Comparative information that is available has been disclosed for all numerical information in the financial statements and also the narrative and descriptive information where it is relevant for understanding of the current period’s financial statements.

Comparative figures have been re-arranged wherever considered necessary to ensure better comparability with the current period without causing any impact on the profit and value of assets and liabilities as reported in the financial statements. Interest expenses are paid for obtaining financial resource and as such management decided to disclose it under Financing Activities of Statement of Cash Flows.

2.08 Offsetting

An entity shall not offset assets and liabilities or income and expenses, unless required or permitted by IFRS.

MK Footwear PLC.

2.09 Leases

An entity shall assess a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. In line with IFRS-16 Leases, an entity shall determine the lease term as the non-cancellable period of a lease together with both:

- I. Period covered by the option to extend the lease and;
- II. Period covered by the option to terminate the lease.

Initial measurement of right of use asset shall be measured at cost and subsequently either by fair value or follow revaluation model see annex (Annex-III & Note 8)

IFRS-16 leases has not been applied for Generator Rent and Factory Rent as these lease are for short term lease as per para 5 of IFRS-16

2.10 Events after the reporting period.

In Compliance with the requirements of IAS 10 Events After the Reporting Period that Period that provide additional information about the company's position at the reporting date are reflected in the financial statements and events after the reporting period that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes when material.

2.11 Functional and presentational (Reporting) currency

The financial statements are prepared and presented in Bangladesh Currency (Taka), Which is the company's functional currency. All financial information presented have been rounded off to the nearest Taka except where indicated otherwise.

2.12 Comparative information and rearrangement thereof

Comparative figures have been re-arranged wherever considered necessary to ensure better comparability with the current year without causing any impact on the profit and value of assets and liabilities as reported in the financial statements.

2.13 Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported value of assets, liabilities, income and expenses . The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which forms the basis of making the judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates. However, the estimates and underlying assumptions are revised when there is material impact on the financial results of the company.

2.14 Approval of these Financial Statements by Board of Directors

The Board of Directors has approved these Financial Statements on 28 October 2025.

2.15 Regulatory Compliance

The financial Statements have been prepared in compliance with the following laws and regulations;

The Companies Act, 1994

The Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Rules, 2020

The Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Commission (Qualified Investor Offer by Small Capital Company) Rules, 2022

The Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Commission Ordinance, 1969

The Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Commission Act, 1993.

The Income Tax Act, 2023

The Income Tax Rules, 2023

The Value Added Tax (VAT) & Supplementary Duty Act, 2012

The Value Added Tax (VAT) & Supplementary Duty Rules, 2016

2.16 Summary of material accounting policies

The specific accounting policies selected and applied by the company's directors for significant transactions and events that have material effect within the framework of IAS-1 "Presentation of Financial Statements", in preparation and presentation of financial statements have been consistently applied throughout the year and were also consistent with those used in prior periods.

For a proper understanding of the financial statements, these accounting policies are set out in one place as prescribed by the IAS-1 "Presentation of Financial Statements". The recommendations of IAS-1 relating to the format of financial statements were also taken into full consideration for fair presentation.

2.17 Recognition of Property, Plant & Equipment's

Property, Plant & Equipment's have been stated at cost less accumulated depreciation (Written down value). The cost of acquisition comprises of purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable Taxes and any directly attributable cost of bringing the assets to its working condition for its intended use. Expenditure incurred after the assets have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance is normally charged off as revenue expenditure in the period in which it is incurred. In situation where it can be clearly demonstrated that expenditure has resulted in an increase in the future economic benefit expected to be obtained from the use of the fixed assets, the expenditure is capitalized as an additional cost of the assets.

On retirement or otherwise disposal of fixed assets, the cost and accumulated depreciation are eliminated and any gain or loss on such disposal is reflected in the income statement which is determined with reference to the net book value of assets and the net sales proceeds.

2.18 Depreciation on Property, Plant & Equipment's

Depreciation on all Property, Plant & Equipment's is computed using the reducing balance method so as to write off the assets over their expected useful life from the date when the corresponding assets are available for use as per management intention. No depreciation have been charged after the date of retirement.

After considering the useful life of assets as per IAS-16, the annual depreciation rates have been applied as under which is considered reasonable by the management.

| Category of fixed assets | Rate of Depreciation |
|--|----------------------|
| Land and Land Development | 0% |
| Building & Other Civil Constructions | 5% |
| Plant & Machineries | 10% |
| Electrical Equipment's & Installations | 10% |
| Solar Power Plant | 10% |
| Fire Fighting Equipment's & Installation | 10% |
| Furniture & Fixture | 10% |
| Motor Vehicles | 20% |

2.19 Revenue recognition

The core principle of IFRS 15 is that an entity will recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. This core principle is delivered in a five-step model framework:

- Identify the contract(s) with a customer
- Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Determine the transaction price
- Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract
- Recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

2.20 Liabilities for expenses and other payables

Liabilities are recognized for the goods and services received, whether paid or not for those goods and services. Payables are not interest bearing and are stated at their nominal value.

2.21 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the Average Cost method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads (based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

Impairment of Inventories:

Impairment of inventory is made as and when inventory became obsolete or unusable or for slow moving items for which the management of the company is giving decisions from time to time. Based on sales cycle of slow-moving items, the sales prices of the products may decrease over time. The management of the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its inventory (Balance Sheet Date) to determine whether there is any indication of impairment in accordance with IAS-2: 'Inventories'. When the sales price moves below the inventory cost prices, the loss on sales is recognized immediately in the Financial Statements. However, the management was confident, buyer will be received all the goods as per sales contract, no indication of impairment of inventory during the year; and as such, no adjustment was given in the Financial Statements for impairment.

Obsolete and Damaged Inventory:

The Company policy for damaged or obsolete items of inventory is to write down their recoverable amount and charge them as an expense in the cost of goods sold (COGS) account in the relevant year. In the financial statement as of 30.06.2025, the company did not account for any write-down of inventory due to damage or obsolescence. During the year-end count by the management team, no such item of inventory was identified that might fall under obsolete/damaged criteria. The company conducted yearend inventory count held at 30/06/2025 as per accepted guideline set by management. A management expert team consisting of members with adequate knowledge & expertise was engaged in counting and valuation of inventory. The breakdown of the components of inventory is disclosed in note no 10. As per accepted practice within the industry, management has made adequate declaration regarding the value & quantity of inventory as at 30/06/2025.

2.22 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash in hand and cash at banks have been considered as Cash and Cash Equivalents for the preparation of these financial statements, which were held and available for use by company without any restriction and there was no significant risk of changes in value of the same.

2.23 Statements of Cash Flows:

Statement of Cash Flows is prepared principally in accordance with IAS-7 "Statement of Cash Flows " and the cash flows from the operating activities have been presented under direct method.

2.24 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors:

Changes in accounting policies:

An entity shall change an accounting policy only if the change:

- (a) is required by an IFRS; or
- (b) results in the financial statements providing reliable and more relevant information about the effects of transactions, other events or conditions on the entity's financial position, Financial performance or cash flows.

2.25 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial year of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the year in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

2.26 Income-tax expense

Current Tax:

Income tax is calculated and provision is made in compliance with the provisions of Finance Act 2025 and the Income Tax Act 2023.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax arises due to temporary difference deductible or taxable for the events or transactions which is recognized in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. A temporary difference is the difference between the tax base of an asset or liability and its carrying amount, reported amount in the statement of financial position. Deferred tax assets or liability is the amount of income tax recoverable or payable in the future periods recognized in the current year as per IAS 12- Income tax.

MK Footwear PLC.

2.27 Foreign Currency Transaction:

Foreign currency transactions are recorded, on initial recognition in the functional currency at the spot exchange rate ruling at the transaction date.

At the end of each reporting period, in compliance with the provision of IAS 21: The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates, are determined as under :

- (a) Foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate.
- (b) Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical costs in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.
- (c) Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency is translated using the exchange rate at the date when the fair value is determined.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on translating monetary Items at rate different from those at which they were translated on initial recognition during the period or in previous financial statements is recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

3.00 Related party disclosures

IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures requires disclosures about transactions and outstanding balances with an entity's related parties. The standard defines various classes of entities and people as related parties and sets out the disclosures required in respect of those parties, including the compensation of key management personnel.

The details of related party transactions have been disclosed in Note-42.00

4.00 Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to financial assets and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Financial assets:

Financial assets of the company include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable , other receivables and equity instrument of another entity. The company initially recognized receivable on the date they are originated. All other financial assets are recognized initially on the date at which the company becomes a party to the contractual provision of the transaction .The company derecognizes a financial asset when, and only when the contractual rights or probabilities of receiving the cash flows on the financial assets in a transaction in which substantially all the risk and rewards of ownership of the financial assets are transferred.

As per requirements of IFRS 9: Classification and measurement of investment in equity instruments depend on how these are managed (the entity's business model) and their contractual cash flow characteristics. Based on these factors, it would generally fall either under 'at fair value through profit and loss account' or under 'at fair value through other comprehensive income' where any change in the fair value (measured in accordance with IFRS 13) at the year-end is taken to the profit and loss account or other comprehensive income, respectively. The Company has recognized investments in shares which are on a quoted market are designated at fair value (market price) through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI). Gains or Losses arising from a change in the fair value of such financial assets are recognized in other comprehensive income . Market value is determined by taking the closing price of the securities at the Dhaka Stock Exchange Ltd. as of financial position date; and Stock dividend (Bonus shares) are added with existing shares with at zero cost which results in decrease of per unit cost price of the existing shares. However, bonus shares are shown at fair value on the statement of financial position date. Investment in non-marketable securities have been valued at cost.

Financial liability:

Financial liabilities are recognized initially on the transaction date at which the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the liability . The company derecognizes the financial liabilities when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or expired . Financial liabilities includes payable for expense , liability for capital expenditure and other current liabilities.

MK Footwear PLC.

4.01 Earnings Per Share & Diluted Earnings Per Share

Earnings Per Share:

This has been calculated in compliance with the requirement of IAS-33 : Earnings per share by dividing the net earnings attributable to the share holders by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year .

Basic Earnings per share (Numerator /Denominator)

Earnings (Numerator)

This represents earning for the year attributable to ordinary shareholders

No. of ordinary shares (Denominator)

This represents weighted average number of ordinary share outstanding during the year.

Diluted Earnings Per Share:

Diluted earnings per share (diluted EPS) calculates a company's earnings per share if all convertible securities were converted

Diluted Earnings per Share=Net Income/Weighted number of Share

4.02 Impairment of Assets:

I) Financial Assets

Accounts receivable and others receivables are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any objective evidence of impairment. Financial assets are impaired if objective indicates that a loss event has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset and that the loss event had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flow of that asset , that can be estimated reliably. Objective evidence that financial assets are impaired can include default of delinquency by a debtor, indicates that a debtor of issuer will enter bankruptcy etc. No such impairment has been raised till the reporting date.

II) Non-Financial assets

An asset is impaired when its carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The company assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less cost to sell and its value in use. Carrying amount of the assets is reduced to its recoverable amount by recognizing an impaired loss is recognized immediately in statement of comprehensive income unless the asset is carried at revalued amount. Any impaired loss of a revalued asset shall be treated as a revaluation decrease. No such impairment has been raised till the reporting date.

4.03 Provision, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets :

Contingent Liabilities and Contingents Assets are present or possible obligations or on liabilities or assets, arising from past events and existence of which depends upon the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events which are not within the control of the company or which amount of the obligations cannot be measured with sufficient reliability. In accordance with IAS-37.

4.04 Intangible Assets

In Compliance with the requirements of IAS, 38 Intangibles Assets '

The following terms are used in this Standard with the meanings specified:

Amortization is the systematic allocation of the depreciable amount of an intangible asset over its useful life.

An asset is a resource:

- (a) controlled by an entity as a result of past events; and
- (b) From which future economic benefits are expected to flow to the entity.

An intangible asset shall be recognized if , and only if:

- (a) it is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the entity and
- (b) the cost of the asset can be measured reliably.

4.05 Financial statements comprises:

- a) Statement of Financial Position as on 30 June 2025
- b) Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 June 2025
- c) Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 30 June 2025
- d) Statement of Changes in Equity as on 30 June 2025
- e) Notes to the financial statements as on 30 June 2025

4.06 Employee Benefits

The company maintains defined benefit plan for its eligible permanent employees. The eligibility is determined according to the terms and conditions set forth in the respective deeds.

The company has accounted for and disclosed employee benefits in compliance with the provisions of IAS-19: Employee Benefits.

The cost of employee benefit is charged off as revenue expenditure in the period to which the contributions relate.

The company's employee benefits include the following:

Worker's Profit & Participation Fund:

The company has decided to provide 5% WPPF on net profit before tax as per chapter-15 of Labour Law 2006 as amended up to 2013.

Short Term Employee Benefits

These includes better working conditions in line with overseas customer's requirement, Day care center, Health care facility, Transportation for admin and management employee, Advance against salary, Festival bonus etc. Obligations for such benefits are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided. This period company provide salary & wages and director remuneration BDT 9,82,05,785.

4.07 Risk Factors and Management's Perceptions about the Risks

The Company is operating in an industry involving both external and internal risk factors having direct as well as indirect effects on its business, result of its operations and financial condition, as follows:

I. Interest rate risks:

Interest rate is concerned with borrowed funds of short term & long-term maturity. Interest rate risk is the risk that the company faces due to unfavourable movements in the interest rates. Volatility in money market & increased demand for loans/ investment funds raise the rate of interest. A change in the government's policy also tends to increase the interest rate. High rate of interest enhances the cost of fund of a company. Such rises in interest rates however mostly affect companies having floating rate loans.

Management perception:

The Company maintains a reasonable debt/ equity ratio; and accordingly, adverse impact of interest rate fluctuation will not adversely affect the Company's performance as the Company emphasizes on equity base financing to reduce the dependency on borrowing. Therefore, management perceives that the fluctuation of interest rate on borrowing would have little impact upon the performance of the Company.

II. Exchange rate risks:

If exchange rate increases against local currency opportunity is created for getting more revenue against sale in local currency. On the other hand, if exchange rate goes down, margin is squeezed in local currency.

Management perception:

The products of the company are sold in foreign currency and payment for raw materials are made mostly in foreign currency. Therefore, volatility of exchange rate will have little impact on profitability of the Company.

III. Input Cost Risks:

Input cost risk is the risk of a business when procuring materials or commodities in high global demand. Increasing demand and supply shortages create volatility in these commodity values; and therefore, the timing, quantity and price of purchase must be closely planned.

Management perception:

Management of the Company would hedge their exposure to input price volatility by adjusting its selling price.

MK Footwear PLC.

5.00 Property, Plant & Equipment

| Amount in BDT | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|
| Cost | | |
| Opening Balance | 1,487,523,269 | 1,394,012,275 |
| Addition during the year | - | 97,619,900 |
| Adjustement during the year | - | (4,108,907) |
| | 1,487,523,269 | 1,487,523,269 |
| Disposal during the year | - | - |
| Total Cost Value (A) | 1,487,523,269 | 1,487,523,269 |
| Accumulated Depreciation | | |
| Opening Balance | 353,584,787 | 261,060,489 |
| Addition during the year | 87,872,393 | 92,866,707 |
| Adjustement during the year | - | (342,409) |
| Total Accumulated Depreciation (B) | 441,457,180 | 353,584,787 |
| | | |
| Written Down Value (WDV) (A-B) | 1,046,066,089 | 1,133,938,482 |

Details schedule of property, plant and equipments given in Annex-I

6.00 Intangible Asset

| Amount in BDT | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| Cost | | |
| Opening Balance | 165,000 | 165,000 |
| Addition during the year | - | - |
| | 165,000 | 165,000 |
| Disposal during the year | - | - |
| Total Cost Value (A) | 165,000 | 165,000 |
| Accumulated Amortization | | |
| Opening Balance | 108,405 | 84,150 |
| Addition during the year | 16,979 | 24,255 |
| Total Accumulated Amortization (B) | 125,384 | 108,405 |
| | | |
| Written Down Value (WDV) (A-B) | 39,616 | 56,595 |

Details schedule of Intangible Asset given in Annex-II

7.00 Investment

| Amount in BDT | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 |
|------------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Investment in Shares | - | 111,952,500 |
| Closing balance | - | 111,952,500 |

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8.00 Right-of-use (ROU) assets

| Amount in BDT | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 |
|------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Opening balance | 9,613,949 | 10,094,786 |
| Addition during the year | - | 2,358,510 |
| Paid off during the year | - | - |
| | 9,613,949 | 12,453,296 |
| Depreciation during the year | (2,839,347) | (2,839,347) |
| Closing balance | 6,774,602 | 9,613,949 |

Details of Right-of-use (ROU) assets given in Annex-III

9.00 Non-Current Security Deposits

| Amount in BDT | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 |
|-------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Security Deposit-REB | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Advance for Office Rent | 195,000 | 195,000 |
| Closing balance | 1,195,000 | 1,195,000 |

10.00 Inventories

| Amount in BDT | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 |
|------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Material | 154,843,322 | 146,361,761 |
| Work-in-Process | 69,725,960 | 62,176,160 |
| Finished Goods | 224,844,048 | 218,545,142 |
| Stores & Spares | 1,254,564 | 3,029,176 |
| Stock in Transit | 2,155,936 | - |
| Closing balance | 452,823,830 | 430,112,239 |

a) The valuation of closing inventory has been made on the basis of lower of cost and net realizable value as per IAS-2.

11.00 Accounts & Other Receivables

| Amount in BDT | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 |
|------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Trade Receivables (*) | 595,137,522 | 566,654,677 |
| Interest Receivable | 15,500 | 10,733 |
| Incentive Receivable | 90,310,184 | 90,310,184 |
| Closing balance | 685,463,206 | 656,975,594 |

The above receivables are considered good for which no provision for expected credit loss has been recognised in the financial statements.

| Classification schedule as required by Schedule XI of Companies Act 1994 is as follows: | | |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| i) Debts considered good and in respect of which the company is fully secured. | 685,463,206 | 656,975,594 |
| ii) Debts considered good for which the company holds no security other than the debtors personal security and | - | - |
| iii) Debts considered doubtful or bad. | - | - |
| iv) Debts due by directors or other officers of the company or any of them either severally or jointly with any other person or Debts due by firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner or a director or a member to be separately stated. | - | - |
| v) Debts due by companies under the same management to be disclosed with the names of the companies. | - | - |
| vi) The maximum amount due by directors or other officers of the company at any time during the year to be shown by way of a note. | - | - |

Aging of Trade Receivable is given below:

| Amount in BDT | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 |
|------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 1-3 Months | 95,388,393 | 127,223,019 |
| 4-6 Months | 18,384,988 | 39,738,834 |
| More than 6 Months | 481,364,141 | 399,692,824 |
| Closing balance | 595,137,522 | 566,654,677 |

12.00 Inter-Company Receivable

| Amount in BDT | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|------------------|
| Moynakuti Agro Industries Limited | - | 6,147,000 |
| Closing balance | - | 6,147,000 |

13.00 Advance Income Tax

| Amount in BDT | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Opening Balance | 15,251,804 | 10,659,081 |
| Addition during the year (note 13.10) | 7,926,795 | 4,592,723 |
| | 23,178,599 | 15,251,804 |
| Adjustment made during the year | - | - |
| Closing Balance | 23,178,599 | 15,251,804 |

13.10 Addition during the year

| Amount in BDT | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Tax paid on Cash Incentive Income | - | - |
| Tax paid on Motor Vehicle | 75,000 | 150,000 |
| Tax paid on Interest Income | 30,620 | 60,368 |
| Tax Paid U/S 173 | - | 11,804 |
| Tax Paid on Dividend Income | 34,500 | 17,250 |
| Tax Paid on Export realization/Advance against Export | 7,786,675 | 4,353,301 |
| Closing Balance | 7,926,795 | 4,592,723 |

14.00 Cash and Cash Equivalents

| Amount in BDT | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| Cash in Hand | 9,550 | 22,597 |
| BO A/C 862 | 2,900 | 1,550 |
| Brac Bank, CD A/C 10001 | 256,633 | 248,956 |
| Standard Bank, CD A/C 805 | 4,748 | 53,762 |
| FDR (IPDC) | 1,356,830 | 1,270,587 |
| Short Notice Deposit A/c- 18024000235 | 1,798,533 | 733,824 |
| FBR Margin Account | 31,828,983 | 36,493,311 |
| FCBTB A/C 18371000013 | 3,312,747 | 30,590,417 |
| Sundry Deposit Account | 1,087,549 | 587,549 |
| Rupali Bank Ltd, FC A/c No - 18027005037 | 369,483 | 908,215 |
| Southeast Bank Ltd, CD A/c No - 211100048890 | 5,387 | 5,387 |
| Brac Bank Dividend A/C 10002 | 415,031 | 88,033 |
| Shahjalal Islami Bank CD A/C- 1343 | 1,600 | 2,635 |
| Rupali Bank PLC, CD A/C No-20009691 | 3,406 | 1,719 |
| Bank Asia CD A/C-548 | 23,793 | - |
| Closing Balance | 40,477,172 | 71,008,542 |

15.00 Share Capital

| Amount in BDT | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 | |
|--|-------------------|--------------------|----------------|
| Authorized Share Capital | | | |
| 100,000,000 Ordinary shares @ of Tk. 10/- each | 1,000,000,000 | 1,000,000,000 | |
| Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up Capital | | | |
| 47,847,200 Ordinary shares @ of Tk. 10/- each fully paid in cash | 478,472,000 | 478,472,000 | |
| Share Holding Position is shown below on 30 June 2025 | | | |
| Name of the share holders | No. of Shares | Value of Shares | % of Shares |
| Sponsors & Directors | 24,467,200 | 244,672,000 | 51.14% |
| Institute | 9,785,854 | 97,858,540 | 20.45% |
| General Public | 13,594,146 | 135,941,460 | 28.41% |
| Closing Balance | 47,847,200 | 478,472,000 | 100.00% |
| Share Holding Position is shown below on 30 June 2024 | | | |
| Name of the share holders | No. of Shares | Value of Shares | % of Shares |
| Sponsors & Directors | 24,467,200 | 244,672,000 | 51.136% |
| Institute | 6,761,974 | 67,619,740 | 14.13% |
| General Public | 16,618,026 | 166,180,260 | 34.73% |
| Closing Balance | 47,847,200 | 478,472,000 | 100% |

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Bangladesh Security Exchange Commission vide letter No. SEC/CI/QIO/SC-37/2022/1251, dated 3rd May 2023 permitted MK Footwear PLC under Qualified Investor Offer by Small Capital Company Rules, 2022 to increase paid up capital by Tk. 100,000,000 through issue of 10,000,000 number of ordinary share having face value of Tk. 10 per share.

16.00 Fair Value Gain/(Loss)

| Amount in BDT | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 |
|--|--------------|-------------------|
| Opening Balance | 80,497,125 | 149,505,750 |
| Less Adjustment/Derecognized during the year | (94,702,500) | (71,415,000) |
| Add/(Less) Deferred Tax (Expenses)/Income | 14,205,375 | 2,406,375 |
| Closing Balance | - | 80,497,125 |

17.00 Retained Earnings

| Amount in BDT | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Opening Balance | 169,340,703 | 152,218,606 |
| Net Profit/(Loss) during the year | 87,663,331 | 40,502,097 |
| Dividend | (23,380,000) | (23,380,000) |
| Closing Balance | 233,624,034 | 169,340,703 |

18.00 Long Term Loan-Non Current Maturity

| Amount in BDT | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|
| Project Loan, A/c No - 18067000284 [Rupali Bank PLC] | 719,767,746 | 639,033,495 |
| Project Loan, A/c No - 18067000201 [Rupali Bank PLC] | 247,348,742 | 232,121,188 |
| IDCP (Interest During Construction Period) [Rupali Bank PLC] | 43,474,610 | 43,454,610 |
| | 1,010,591,098 | 914,609,293 |
| Less: Transfer to Term Loan-Current Maturity | (504,717,265) | (359,754,137) |
| Closing Balance | 505,873,833 | 554,855,156 |

18.01 Disclosure about long term loan -As per Schedule XI, Part I, Para-a (4) of the Company Act, 1994

| Particulars | Project Loan |
|-------------------------|--|
| Purpose | Import Barnd New Machine and Construction of Factory Building |
| Tenure | Ten Years from the date of disbursement |
| Repayment | From proceed realization |
| Rate of Interest | 9% |
| Security | A) 350.88 decimal land and Building and Machineries of that Land located Dhonua (Muaza), Shrepur, Gazipur, |

19.00 Lease liability

| Amount in BDT | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 |
|--------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Opening balance | 8,408,639 | 7,898,049 |
| Addition during the year | - | 2,358,510 |
| Finance cost | 1,041,006 | 943,541 |
| | 9,449,645 | 11,200,100 |
| Rent paid | (2,963,412) | (2,791,461) |
| Closing balance | 6,486,233 | 8,408,639 |

MK Footwear PLC.

Allocated to

| Amount in BDT | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 |
|-------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Non-current liabilities | 4,044,650 | 5,156,126 |
| Current liabilities | 2,441,583 | 3,252,513 |
| Closing balance | 6,486,233 | 8,408,639 |

Details of lease liability given in Annex-IV

20.00 Trade and Other Payables

| Amount in BDT | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 |
|------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Trade Payable (*) | 37,105,105 | 269,314,520 |
| Closing balance | 37,105,105 | 269,314,520 |

21.00 Short Term Loan

| Amount in BDT | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|
| Cash Credit Hypothecation [Rupali Bank PLC] | 168,358,605 | 157,659,028 |
| COVID 19 Revolving Refinance Scheme [Rupali Bank PLC] | 27,815,277 | 26,036,556 |
| Rescheduling-18200000120 [Rupali Bank PLC] | 126,305,497 | 121,110,009 |
| Trade Finance Import Others (Import) [Rupali Bank PLC] | 59,747,737 | - |
| Purchase Against Documents (PAD) [Rupali Bank PLC] | - | 15,573,460 |
| OD against Cash Incentive (32) [Rupali Bank PLC] | - | 15,641,119 |
| OD against Cash Incentive (33) [Rupali Bank PLC] | - | 7,230,209 |
| OD-Temporary 76 [Rupali Bank PLC] | 21,596,789 | 21,477,248 |
| COVID 19 Stimulus Funds Workers Salary [Rupali Bank PLC] | - | 10,494,165 |
| Rescheduling-18200000127 [Rupali Bank PLC] | 13,141,053 | - |
| Unsecured Loan [Rupali Bank PLC] | - | 43,950,000 |
| Closing balance | 416,964,958 | 419,171,794 |

| Particulars | Cash Credit Hypothecation | COVID 19 Revolving Refinance Scheme | COVID 19 Stimulus Funds Workers Salary |
|-------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|--|
| Purpose | Import Raw Material | Working Capital | Working Capital |
| Tenure | One year | One year | One year |
| Repayment | Export Bill Collection and Company's own fund | Export Collection and Fund | Export Collection and Fund |
| Rate of Interest | 9% | 9% | 9% |
| Security | Original Export Master Letter of Credit (L/C) | Stock Inventory | Stock Inventory |

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22.00 Liabilities for Expenses

| Amount in BDT | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 |
|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Audit Fee | 287,500 | 402,500 |
| Electricity Bill | 3,713,073 | 5,650,529 |
| Directors' Remuneration | 400,000 | 700,000 |
| Salary & Wages Payable | 6,600,234 | 11,396,980 |
| Other Payable | 439,959 | 18,084,950 |
| Closing balance | 11,440,766 | 36,234,959 |

23.00 Provision for WPPF

| Amount in BDT | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 |
|--------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Opening Balance | 5,826,215 | 3,057,205 |
| Add Addition During the Period | 5,140,818 | 3,074,731 |
| Less Paid During the Period | (5,242,016) | (305,721) |
| Closing Balance | 5,725,017 | 5,826,215 |

24.00 Provision for Income Tax

| Amount in BDT | Notes | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 |
|-------------------------------|-------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Opening Balance | | 15,052,548 | 10,608,235 |
| Addition during the year: | | | |
| Tax on Business income | 24.01 | 7,786,675 | 4,353,301 |
| Tax on other income | 24.02 | 9,629,311 | 91,012 |
| Prior year Adjustment | | - | - |
| | | 32,468,534 | 15,052,548 |
| Paid/Adjusted during the year | | - | - |
| Closing Balance | | 32,468,534 | 15,052,548 |

24.01 Tax on Business Income

| Amount in BDT | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Net Profit before Tax | 102,816,350 | 61,494,618 |
| Less: Other income | (64,057,706) | (23,873,668) |
| Less: Unrealised Foreign Exchange gain/(Loss) | (15,712,853) | (18,011,660) |
| Add: Accounting Depreciation & Amortization | 87,889,372 | 92,890,962 |
| Add: WPPF | 5,140,818 | 3,074,731 |
| Less: WPPF (paid) | 5,242,016 | (305,721) |
| Less: Tax Depreciation | (86,030,211) | (95,548,857) |
| Taxable Business income | 35,287,786 | 19,720,405 |
| Tax rate on Business Income | 12% | 12% |
| Tax on Business Income (A) | 4,234,534 | 2,366,449 |
| TDS on Export received (B) | 7,786,675 | 4,353,301 |
| Tax on Gross receipt (C) @ 0.5333% (12/22.5*1) | 4,201,967 | 2,103,789 |
| Tax liabilities on business income (Higher of A, B, & C) | 7,786,675 | 4,353,301 |

24.02 Tax on other Income

| Amount in BDT | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 |
|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------|
| Tax on Cash Incentive Income | - | - |
| Tax on Dividend Income @ 20% | 34,500 | 17,250 |
| Tax on Interest income @ 22.5% | 36,091 | 73,762 |
| Tax on Realized Gain @ 15% | 9,558,720 | - |
| Closing Balance | 9,629,311 | 91,012 |

Tax on Cash Incentive Income

| Amount in BDT | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| Opening Incentive Receivable | 90,310,184 | 66,625,077 |
| Cash Incentive Income | - | 23,685,107 |
| Less: Unrealized during the year | (90,310,184) | (90,310,184) |
| Cash Incentive Received during the year | - | - |
| Income Tax Rate | 10% | 10% |
| Closing Balance | - | - |

25.00 Dividend Payable

| Amount in BDT | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 |
|--------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Opening Dividend Payable | 146,033 | - |
| Add Dividend Declared | 23,380,000 | 23,380,000 |
| | 23,526,033 | 23,380,000 |
| Less Dividend Paid | 23,095,198 | 23,233,967 |
| Closing Balance | 430,835 | 146,033 |

Break-up of Dividend Payable:

| Total | Less then 1 Year | Less Then 3 Years | More then 3 Years |
|---------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 430,835 | 284,802 | 146,033 | - |

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26.00 Revenue

| Amount in BDT | 01 July 2024 to 30 June 2025 | 01 July 2023 to 30 June 2024 |
|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Export Sale | 787,014,559 | 778,718,438 |
| Export-Sample | 903,485 | 994,190 |
| Total | 787,918,044 | 779,712,628 |

27.00 Cost of Goods Sold

| Amount in BDT | Notes | 01 July 2024 to 30 June 2025 | 01 July 2023 to 30 June 2024 |
|---|-------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Material Consumed | 27.01 | 420,591,255 | 376,774,751 |
| Manufacturing Overheads | 27.02 | 192,783,787 | 231,194,284 |
| | | 613,375,042 | 607,969,035 |
| Opening Work in Process | | 62,176,160 | 62,977,494 |
| | | 675,551,202 | 670,946,529 |
| Closing Work in Process | | (69,725,960) | (62,176,160) |
| | | 605,825,242 | 608,770,369 |
| Opening Finished Goods | | 218,545,142 | 202,702,263 |
| Cost of Goods available for sale | | 824,370,384 | 811,472,632 |
| Closing Finished Goods | | (224,844,048) | (218,545,142) |
| Cost of Goods Sold | | 599,526,336 | 592,927,490 |

27.01 Material Consumed

| Amount in BDT | 01 July 2024 to 30 June 2025 | 01 July 2023 to 30 June 2024 |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Opening Stock | 146,361,761 | 126,729,191 |
| Add: Purchase during the year | 429,072,816 | 396,407,321 |
| Less: Closing Stock | (154,843,322) | (146,361,761) |
| Total | 420,591,255 | 376,774,751 |

27.02 Manufacturing Overheads

| Amount in BDT | 01 July 2024 to 30 June 2025 | 01 July 2023 to 30 June 2024 |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Wages & Salaries | 85,001,785 | 114,304,638 |
| Depreciation | 88,790,336 | 93,653,962 |
| Electricity Bill | 12,615,622 | 13,309,099 |
| Fuel & Lubricant | 1,432,315 | 1,787,174 |
| Repairs & Maintenance | 2,622,220 | 4,103,099 |
| Workers Tiffin | 787,880 | 2,101,524 |
| Loading Unloading | 716,157 | 828,124 |
| Medical & Welfare | 28,646 | 66,425 |
| Inspection Expenses | 482,095 | 293,863 |
| Conveyance | 107,424 | 116,245 |
| Internet Bill | 148,056 | 148,056 |
| Mobile Bill | 48,000 | 48,650 |
| Fire Extinguishing Expenses | - | 425,025 |
| Others | 3,251 | 8,400 |
| Total | 192,783,787 | 231,194,284 |

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28.00 Foreign Exchange Gain/(Loss)

| Amount in BDT | Notes | 01 July 2024 to 30 June 2025 | 01 July 2023 to 30 June 2024 |
|---------------------------|-------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Realised FC Gain/(Loss) | 28.10 | (2,770,460) | (2,248,015) |
| Unrealised FC Gain/(Loss) | 28.20 | 15,712,853 | 18,011,660 |
| Total | | 12,942,393 | 15,763,645 |

28.10 Realised FC Gain/(Loss)

| Amount in BDT | 01 July 2024 to 30 June 2025 | 01 July 2023 to 30 June 2024 |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Realised Gain/(Loss) on Export | 4,306,481 | 2,540,453 |
| Realized Gain/(Loss) on Import | (7,076,941) | (4,788,468) |
| Total | (2,770,460) | (2,248,015) |

28.20 Unrealised FC Gain/(Loss)

| Amount in BDT | 01 July 2024 to 30 June 2025 | 01 July 2023 to 30 June 2024 |
|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Unrealised Gain/(Loss) on Receivable | 16,010,046 | 35,305,811 |
| Unrealized Gain/(Loss) on A/C's & Other Payable | (335,825) | (19,183,828) |
| Unrealised Gain/(Loss) on FC 5047 | 38,632 | 1,889,676 |
| Total | 15,712,853 | 18,011,660 |

29.00 Administrative Expenses

| Amount in BDT | 01 July 2024 to 30 June 2025 | 01 July 2023 to 30 June 2024 |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Salaries & Allowances | 7,264,000 | 10,718,562 |
| Depreciation on ROU assets | 786,170 | 786,170 |
| Directors' Remuneration | 3,600,000 | 3,600,000 |
| Registration & Renewal | - | 485,493 |
| Depreciation | 1,135,234 | 1,265,922 |
| Amortization of Intangible Assets | 16,979 | 24,255 |
| Audit Fees | 287,500 | 402,500 |
| Audit Fees-Use of Proceed | - | 31,945 |
| Conveyance | 36,524 | 42,418 |
| Entertainment | 20,769 | 15,676 |
| Vehicle Expenses | 7,878 | 11,024 |
| Stationery | 76,066 | 96,797 |
| Postage & Courier Service | 14,325 | 23,154 |
| Electricity Bill | 128,761 | 156,650 |
| Telephone, Mobile and Internet | 64,103 | 64,088 |
| IPO/Bond Expenses | 125,000 | 1,995,533 |
| Advertisement Expenses | 33,659 | 158,680 |
| Others | 48,645 | 621,450 |
| Total | 13,645,613 | 20,500,317 |

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30.00 Distribution Expenses

| Amount in BDT | 01 July 2024 to 30 June 2025 | 01 July 2023 to 30 June 2024 |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Conveyance | 32,227 | 42,154 |
| Entertainment | 29,362 | 29,745 |
| Export Expenses | 4,695,434 | 5,293,141 |
| Salaries & Allowances | 2,340,000 | 2,105,632 |
| Stationeries | 67,166 | 95,421 |
| Total | 7,164,189 | 7,566,093 |

31.00 Non-Operating Income

| Amount in BDT | 01 July 2024 to 30 June 2025 | 01 July 2023 to 30 June 2024 |
|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Cash Incentive | - | 23,685,107 |
| Dividend Income | 172,500 | 86,250 |
| Realized Gain/(Loss) on sale of Car | - | (266,498) |
| Realized Gain/(Loss) on sale of Shares | 63,724,800 | - |
| Interest Income | 160,406 | 368,808 |
| Total | 64,057,706 | 23,873,668 |

32.00 Financial Expenses

| Amount in BDT | 01 July 2024 to 30 June 2025 | 01 July 2023 to 30 June 2024 |
|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Export Bill Realization Expenses/Income | 181,151 | 583,492 |
| Interest on Short Term Loan | 36,983,439 | 35,917,707 |
| Bank Charges & Commissions | 1,077,436 | 2,082,331 |
| Finance costs-lease liability | 1,041,006 | 943,541 |
| Interest on Long Term Loan | 97,341,805 | 94,259,621 |
| Total | 136,624,837 | 133,786,692 |

33.00 Earning per share (EPS)

| Amount in BDT | 01 July 2024 to 30 June 2025 | 01 July 2023 to 30 June 2024 |
|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Basic earnings per share | | |
| Profit after tax | 87,663,331 | 40,502,097 |
| Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders | 87,663,331 | 40,502,097 |
| Total weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year | 47,847,200 | 47,847,200 |
| Basic earnings per share (Tk 10/= per Share) | 1.83 | 0.85 |

Diluted earnings per share

| Amount in BDT | 01 July 2024 to 30 June 2025 | 01 July 2023 to 30 June 2024 |
|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders | 87,663,331 | 40,502,097 |
| Weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year | 47,847,200 | 47,847,200 |
| Diluted potential number of ordinary shares | - | - |
| Total number of shares as dilutive potential ordinary shares | 47,847,200 | 47,847,200 |
| Diluted earnings per share (Tk 10/= per Share) | 1.83 | 0.85 |

Weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year

| Particulars | Amount | No of Days use capital | No Day in a year | Weight | Price per Share | weighted number of share |
|---------------|--------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|--------|-----------------|-----------------------------|
| Share Capital | 478,472,000 | 365 | 365 | 1.00 | 10 | 47,847,200 |
| Total | 478,472,000 | | | | | 47,847,200 |

34.00 Net Operating Cash Flow per Share (NOCFPS)

| Amount in BDT | 01 July 2024 to 30 June 2025 | 01 July 2023 to 30 June 2024 |
|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Net Operating Cash Flow | (50,005,480) | 27,449,259 |
| Total weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year | 47,847,200 | 47,847,200 |
| Potential No. of Share for Share Money Deposit | - | - |
| Total No of Share to Calculate Net Asset Value Per Share | 47,847,200 | 47,847,200 |
| Net Operating Cash Flow per share | (1.05) | 0.57 |

35.00 Net Asset Value Per Share (NAVPS)

| Amount in BDT | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| Shareholders' Equity | 712,096,034 | 728,309,828 |
| No. of Share for Share Capital | 47,847,200 | 47,847,200 |
| Total No of Share to Calculate Net Asset Value Per Share | 47,847,200 | 47,847,200 |
| NAVPS (Net Asset Value Per Share) | 14.88 | 15.22 |

36.00 Cash Received from Customers and others income

| Amount in BDT | 01 July 2024 to 30 June 2025 | 01 July 2023 to 30 June 2024 |
|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Revenue | 787,918,044 | 779,712,628 |
| Foreign Exchange Gain/(Loss) Related to Accounts & Other Receivables | 20,316,527 | 37,846,265 |
| Other Income | 332,906 | 27,640,165 |
| Add: Accounts Receivables balance b/d | 656,975,594 | 275,676,676 |
| Less: Accounts Receivables balance c/d | (685,463,206) | (656,975,594) |
| Add: Advance Against Sale C/d | - | - |
| Less: Advance Against Sale b/d | - | (24,491,844) |
| Less: Export Bill Collection Charge | (181,151) | (583,492) |
| Total | 779,898,713 | 438,824,804 |

MK Footwear PLC.

37.00 Cash Paid to Suppliers, employees and others expenses

| Amount in BDT | 01 July 2024 to 30 June 2025 | 01 July 2023 to 30 June 2024 |
|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Cost of Goods Sold | (599,526,336) | (592,927,490) |
| Administrative expenses | (13,645,613) | (20,500,317) |
| Selling and distribution Expenses | (7,164,189) | (7,566,093) |
| Adjustment for Depreciation | 89,925,570 | 94,919,884 |
| Adjustment for Depreciation for sale of Car | - | - |
| Adjustment for Amortization | 16,979 | 24,255 |
| Depreciation on ROU assets | 786,170 | 786,170 |
| Increase/Decrease Trade Payables | (232,209,415) | 153,590,120 |
| Foreign Exchange Gain/(Loss) Related to Accounts & Other Payables | (7,412,765) | (23,972,296) |
| Increase/Decrease Liability for expenses | (24,794,193) | 23,967,300 |
| Increase/(Decrease) Workers' Profit Participation Fund (WPPF) | (5,242,016) | (305,721) |
| Increase/(Decrease) Advance Deposit and Prepayment | - | - |
| Increase/Decrease Inventory | (22,711,591) | (34,798,636) |
| Total | (821,977,399) | (406,782,824) |

38.00 Income Tax paid

| Amount in BDT | 01 July 2024 to 30 June 2025 | 01 July 2023 to 30 June 2024 |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Opening AIT | 15,251,804 | 10,659,081 |
| Closing AIT | (23,178,599) | (15,251,804) |
| Current year Provision | (17,415,986) | (4,427,063) |
| Opening Provision for Tax | (15,052,548) | (10,608,235) |
| Closing Provision for Tax | 32,468,534 | 15,035,298 |
| Total | (7,926,795) | (4,592,723) |

39.00 Cash flow for Property Plant and Equipment / Capital in Working Progress

| Amount in BDT | 01 July 2024 to 30 June 2025 | 01 July 2023 to 30 June 2024 |
|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Addition to Property Plant & Equipments | - | (97,619,900) |
| Total | - | (97,619,900) |

40.00 Reconciliation of Net profit before tax with Cash flow from operating activities

| Amount in BDT | 01 July 2024 to 30 June 2025 | 01 July 2023 to 30 June 2024 |
|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Net profit before income tax | 102,816,350 | 61,494,618 |
| Add: Finance Cost | 136,443,686 | 133,203,200 |
| Adjustment for Depreciation | 89,925,570 | 94,919,884 |
| Adjustment for Amortization | 16,979 | 24,255 |
| Depreciation on ROU assets | 786,170 | 786,170 |
| Increase/(Decrease) Workers' Profit Participation Fund (WPPF) | (101,198) | 2,769,010 |
| (Increase)/Decrease Inventory | (22,711,591) | (34,798,636) |
| (Increase)/Decrease Receivable | (28,487,612) | (381,298,918) |
| Increase/Decrease Advance deposits and prepayments | - | - |
| Increase/(Decrease) Accounts Payables | (232,209,415) | 129,098,276 |
| Increase/Decrease Liability for expenses | (24,794,193) | 23,967,300 |
| Unrealized Foreign Exchange Gain/(Loss) | (38,632) | (1,889,676) |
| Adjustment for Sale of Car | - | 3,766,498 |
| Realized Gain on sale of Shares | (63,724,800) | - |
| Income Tax Paid | (7,926,795) | (4,592,723) |
| Net Cash (used in)/generated by operating activities | (50,005,481) | 27,449,257 |

41.00 Events After The Reporting Period

Mk Footware PLC has approved 12% cash dividend other than the sponsors and directors for the FY 2024-2025. The meeting held on 28th October, 2025.

42.00 Related Party Disclosure:

During the year, The Company carried out a numbers of transactions with related parties in the normal course of business. The names of the related parties and nature of these transaction have been set out in accordance with the provisions of IAS -24: "Related Party Disclosure".

| Name of Party | Relationship | Nature of Transaction | Opening Balance as at 01 July, 2024 | Transaction during the year | | Closing Balance as at 30 June, 2025 Dr./ (Cr.) |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|--|
| | | | | Dr. | Cr. | |
| Moynakuti Agro Industries Ltd. | Common Directorship | Inter Company Receivable | 6,147,000 | - | 6,147,000 | - |
| Noor Mohammed | Managing Director & Sponsor | Directors' Remuneration | 700,000 | 3,600,000 | 3,900,000 | 400,000 |
| | | | 6,847,000 | 3,600,000 | 10,047,000 | 400,000 |

43.00 Capacity Utilization

Disclosure as per requirement of schedule XI, part II, para 7 of Company Act 1994

| Section | Installed Capacity Per day (Per Shift) Pair | Utilization Per day (Per Shift) Pair | Utilization |
|--|---|--------------------------------------|-------------|
| Period ended 30 June 2025 Finishing - Shoes (Pair) | 18,000 | 4,337 | 24.10% |

43.01 Disclosure as per requirement of schedule XI, Part II, Para 8 of Company Act 1994

a) During the period no import in respect of raw materials and capital machineries on CIF basis has been made. The company import raw materials and capital machineries on CFR basis.

b) No Expenditure in foreign currency during the financial year on account of royalty, know-how, professional consultation fee, interest and other matters.

c) Value of all imported raw materials, spare parts and components consumed during the period and the value of all indigenous raw materials, spare parts and components similarly consumed and the percentage of each to the total consumption are as under:

| Item Names | Consumed | % of Consumption |
|----------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| Raw Materials | 420,591,255 | 100% |

d) The company has not remitted any amount during the period in foreign currencies on account of dividend.

e) The company has not earned in foreign exchange from royalty, know-how, professional and consultation fee, dividend and other income except exports for goods calculated on FOB basis. Details are given below:

| Particulars | Amount in (USD) | Amount in (BDT) |
|----------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|
| FOB Value of Export | \$ 6,581,848.09 | 787,014,559 |

44.00 Disclosures regarding Sales as per Para 3, Part -II, Schedule XI of the Companies Act 1994 are as follows:

a. Quantity-wise sales for the period is as follows:

| Name of product | Quantity (pair) | Rate(Taka) | Taka |
|-----------------|------------------|------------|--------------------|
| Shoes (Pair) | 1,326,213 | 593.43 | 787,014,559 |
| Total | 1,326,213 | | 787,014,559 |

b. The company do not give any brokerage and discount on sales other than usual trade discount.

MK Footwear PLC.

c. Quantitative details of opening stock, purchases / production, consumption / sales and closing stock of raw materials and finished goods are as under:

| Item | Unit | Opening Stock | Purchases/ Transfer In | Wastage | Transfer Out/ Sales | Closing Stock |
|---------------------------|------------|---------------|---------------------------|---------|------------------------|---------------|
| | | Qty | Qty | Qty | Qty | Qty |
| Raw material: | | | | | | |
| Period ended 30 June 2025 | PCS/KG/YRD | 1,724,316 | 3,737,642 | - | 4,361,825 | 1,100,133 |
| Work in Process: | | | | | | |
| Period ended 30 June 2025 | Pair | 146,822 | 1,341,787 | 42,890 | 1,171,037 | 274,682 |
| Finished goods: | | | | | | |
| Period ended 30 June 2025 | Pair | 391,472 | 1,171,037 | - | 1,326,213 | 236,296 |

45.00 Employee position of MK Footwear PLC (as at June 30, 2025)

Disclosure as per requirement of schedule XI part II, Para 3 of the company Act 1994

All the employees receive salary /wages in excess of Tk. 8,200 per month.

| | |
|-----------------------------|------------|
| Number of permanent staff | 15 |
| Number of permanent workers | 706 |
| Total | 721 |

46.00 Disclosure as per requirement of schedule XI, Part II, Para 4 of Company Act 1994

As per Company Act, 1994 part-II, Schedule-XI (4) The profit and loss account will give by way of a note detailed information, showing separately the following payments provided or made during the financial period to the directors, including managing director, the managing agents or manager, if any, by the company, subsidiaries of the company and any other person:-

| No. | Particulars | 01 July 2024 to 30 June 2025 | 01 July 2023 to 30 June 2024 |
|-----|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| (a) | Managerial Remuneration paid or payable during the period to the directors, including managing directors, a managing agent or manager | 12,060,000 | 11,967,631 |
| (b) | Expenses reimbursed to Managing Agent | Nil | Nil |
| (c) | Commission or Remuneration payable separately to a managing agent or his associate | Nil | Nil |
| (d) | Commission received or receivable by the managing agent or his associate as selling or buying agent of other concerns in respect of contracts entered into by such concerns with the company | Nil | Nil |
| (e) | The money value of the contracts for the sale or purchase of goods and materials or supply of services, entered into by the company with the managing agent or his associate during the financial period. | Nil | Nil |
| (f) | Any other perquisite or benefits in cash or in kind stating approximate money value where applicable. | Nil | Nil |
| (g) | Other allowances and commission including guarantee commission | Nil | Nil |
| (h) | Pensions etc. | | |
| | (i) Pensions | Nil | Nil |
| | (ii) Gratuities | Nil | Nil |
| | (iii) Payments from a provident funds, in excess of own subscription and interest thereon | Nil | Nil |
| (i) | Share Based payments | Nil | Nil |

47.00 Additional Disclosures

47.01 Revenue

During the reporting year Revenue of the company has been increased by Tk. 82,05,416 that is 1.05% corresponding with last year . However, Cash Incentive under non-operating income is decreased by 100.00%.

47.02 EPS

During the year Earning Per Share of the company Increased by Tk. 0.98 Per share with corresponding to previous year, the major reason of which the Non-Operating Income of the company has been Increased by 168.32%.

47.03 Net Operating Cash Flow Per Share (NOCFPS)

Net Operating Cash Flow Per Share (NOCFPS) decreased by Tk. 1.62 per share with corresponding to previous year, the major reason of which Cash Paid to Suppliers, employees & others expenses increased by 102.15% though Cash Received from Customers and others income increased by 77.72%.

48.00 General

48.01 Segment Reporting

As the company operates as a single business and geographic segment no segment reporting is felt necessary.

48.02 Contingent liability

There is no contingent liability as of the balance sheet date.

48.03 Receivable from Directors

Nothing is receivable from the director.

48.04 Last year's figures have been rearranged wherever it was found necessary.

48.05 Figures appearing in the financial statements have been rounded off to the nearest BDT.

MK FOOTWEAR PLC
Schedule of Property, Plant and Equipment
As on 30 June 2025

Annexure-I

| Particular's | Cost | | | Rate (%) | Depreciation | | | | Written Down Value as on 30 June 2025 |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|----------|----------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | Balance as on 01 July 2024 | Addition During the Period | Adjustment During the Period | | Balance as on 01 July 2024 | Charged During the Period | Adjustment During the Period | Balance as on 30 June 2025 | |
| Land and Land Development | 97,930,742 | - | - | 0% | - | - | - | - | 97,930,742 |
| Building & Other Civil Constructions | 386,785,225 | - | - | 5% | 65,726,570 | 16,052,933 | - | 81,779,503 | 305,005,722 |
| Plant & Machineries | 852,456,137 | - | - | 10% | 251,888,237 | 60,056,790 | - | 311,945,027 | 540,511,110 |
| Electrical Equipments & Installations | 31,475,421 | - | - | 10% | 8,807,283 | 2,266,814 | - | 11,074,097 | 20,401,324 |
| Solar Power Plant | 76,905,140 | - | - | 10% | 15,650,196 | 6,125,494 | - | 21,775,690 | 55,129,450 |
| Fire Fighting Equipments & Installation | 30,660,197 | - | - | 10% | 8,308,914 | 2,235,128 | - | 10,544,042 | 20,116,155 |
| Furniture & Fixture | 6,801,500 | - | - | 10% | 1,940,200 | 486,130 | - | 2,426,330 | 4,375,170 |
| Motor Vehicles | 4,508,907 | - | - | 20% | 1,263,387 | 649,104 | - | 1,912,491 | 2,596,416 |
| Balance as on 30 June 2025 | 1,487,523,269 | - | - | | 353,584,787 | 87,872,393 | - | 441,457,180 | 1,046,066,089 |
| Balance as on 30 June 2024 | 1,394,012,275 | 97,619,900 | 4,108,907 | | 261,060,489 | 92,866,707 | 342,409 | 353,584,787 | 1,133,938,482 |

Note:

Depreciation Allocated to

| | |
|-------------------------|-------------------|
| Manufacturing Overheads | 86,737,159 |
| Administrative Expenses | 1,135,234 |
| | 87,872,393 |

MK FOOTWEAR PLC

Schedule of Intangible Assets

As on 30 June 2025

Annexure-II

| Particular's | Cost | | | Rate (%) | Amortization | | | | Written Down Value as on 30 June 2025 |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|----------|----------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | Balance as on 01 July 2024 | Addition During the Period | Adjustment During the Period | | Balance as on 01 July 2024 | Charged During the Period | Adjustment During the Period | Balance as on 30 June 2025 | |
| Software | 165,000 | - | - | 30% | 108,405 | 16,979 | - | 125,384 | 39,616 |
| Balance as on 30 June 2025 | 165,000 | - | - | | 108,405 | 16,979 | - | 125,384 | 39,616 |
| Balance as on 30 June 2024 | 165,000 | - | - | | 84,150 | 24,255 | - | 108,405 | 56,595 |

MK FOOTWEAR PLC

Details of right-of-use assets

As on 30 June 2025

Annexure-III

| Asset category | Cost | | | | Months | Depreciation | | | | Written Down Value as on 30 June 2025 |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|--------|----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | Balance as on 01 July 2024 | Addition during the period | Adjustment during the period | Balance as on 30 June 2025 | | Balance as on 01 July 2024 | Charge for the period | Adjustment during the period | Balance as on 30 June 2025 | |
| Dhaka Office Generator | 2,358,510 | - | - | 2,358,510 | 24/36 | 786,170 | 786,170 | - | 1,572,340 | 786,170 |
| | 10,265,884 | - | - | 10,265,884 | 25/60 | 2,224,275 | 2,053,177 | - | 4,277,452 | 5,988,432 |
| Balance as on 30 June 2025 | 12,624,394 | - | - | 12,624,394 | | 3,010,445 | 2,839,347 | - | 5,849,792 | 6,774,602 |
| Balance as on 30 June 2024 | 10,265,884 | 2,358,510 | - | 12,624,394 | | 171,098 | 2,839,347 | - | 3,010,445 | 9,613,949 |

Note:

Depreciation Allocated to:

Manufacturing Overheads: 2,053,177

Administrative Expenses: 786,170

2,839,347**MK FOOTWEAR PLC**

Details of lease liability

As on 30 June 2025

Annexure-IV

| Particulars | Date of commencement | Date of ending | Lease period (months) | Total Lease value | Discount rate (%) | PV of lease payment | Interest for the year | Lease payment during the year | Net lease liabilities as at 30 June 2025 |
|----------------------------|----------------------|------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Dhaka Office Generator | Jul-23 Jun'23 | Jun-26 May'28 | 36 60 | 2,700,000 8,000,000 | 9.00% 9.00% | 1,641,686 6,766,953 | 115,932 925,074 | (900,000) (2,063,412) | 857,618 5,628,615 |
| Balance as on 30 June 2025 | | | | 10,700,000 | | 8,408,639 | 1,041,006 | (2,963,412) | 6,486,233 |
| Balance as on 30 June 2024 | | | | 10,700,000 | | 10,256,559 | 943,541 | (2,791,461) | 8,408,639 |

| Particulars | Lease current portion | Lease non-current portion | Total |
|------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| Dhaka Office Generator | 857,618 1,583,965 | - 4,044,650 | 857,618 5,628,615 |
| Total | 2,441,583 | 4,044,650 | 6,486,233 |

MK Footwear PLC.

MK FOOTWEAR PLC

Calculation of Deferred tax

As on 30 June 2025

Annexure -V

Amount in BDT

| Particulars | 30 June 2025 | 30 June 2024 |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|
| A. Deferred Tax (Income)/Expenses to be recognised in Profit and Loss A/C | | |
| Carrying value (Accounting Base) | | |
| Property , Plant and Equipment | 1,046,066,089 | 1,133,938,482 |
| Intangible Assets | 16,979 | 24,255 |
| WPPF | (5,725,017) | (5,826,215) |
| Unrealized Foreign exchange Gain/(Loss) | 15,712,853 | 18,011,660 |
| Cash Incentive | - | 23,685,107 |
| | 1,056,070,904 | 1,169,833,288 |
| Carrying value (Tax Base) | | |
| Property , Plant and Equipment | 872,049,828 | 958,063,060 |
| Intangible Assets | 16,979 | 24,255 |
| WPPF | (5,242,016) | (305,721) |
| Cash Incentive | | |
| | 866,824,791 | 957,781,594 |
| A. Taxable /(Deductible)temporary difference | 189,246,113 | 212,051,695 |
| Income Tax rate of Operation Except Cash Incentive | 12% | 12% |
| Income Tax rate for Cash Incentive | 10% | 10% |
| Deferred Tax Liabilities/(Assets) at the end of the year (A) | 22,709,534 | 24,972,501 |
| Closing Deferred Tax (Asset)/Liabilities | 22,709,534 | 24,972,501 |
| Opening Deferred Tax (Asset)/Liabilities | 24,972,501 | 8,424,292 |
| Deferred Tax (Income)/Expenses to be recognised in Profit and Loss A/C | (2,262,967) | 16,548,209 |
| B. Deferred Tax on Fair Value Gain/(Loss) to be recognised on Other Comprehensive Income | | |
| Carrying value of Investment (Accounting Base) | - | 111,952,500 |
| Carrying value of Investment (Tax Base) | - | 17,250,000 |
| Taxable /(Deductible) temporary difference | - | 94,702,500 |
| Income Tax rate for Fair Value Gain/(Loss) | 15% | 15% |
| Deferred Tax Liabilities/(Assets) at the end of the year (B) | - | 14,205,375 |
| Closing Deferred Tax (Asset)/Liabilities | - | 14,205,375 |
| Opening Deferred Tax (Asset)/Liabilities | 14,205,375 | 16,611,750 |
| Deferred Tax (Income)/Expenses to be recognised in Other Comprehensive Income/Transferred to Accumulated Fair Value Gain/(Loss) for Derecognition | (14,205,375) | (2,406,375) |
| Total Closing Deferred Tax (Asset)/Liabilities (A+B) | 22,709,534 | 39,177,876 |



MK Footwear PLC.

Registered Office & Factory: Nayonpur Bazar, Chalkpara,
Medical more, Mawna - Dulivita Rd, Mawna Union 1740, Gazipur.

PROXY FORM

I/We.....
of.....being shareholder(s) of **MK Footwear PLC** do hereby appoint
Mr./Mrs./Ms.....
of as My/our Proxy to
attend and vote for me/us and on my/ our behalf at the 10th Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the Company to
be held on Sunday, 08th February, 2026 at 3.30 p.m. through Hybrid System and any adjournment thereof or
at any poll that may be taken in consequence therefore. As witness my/our hand this..... day
of.....2026.

(Signature of the Shareholder)

(Signature of Proxy)

Revenue
Stamp
Tk. 20.00

BO ID No.

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|

No. of Shares held

Dated.....

Note:

1. A Member entitled to attend and vote at the Meeting may appoint his / her Proxy to attend and vote on his / her behalf.
2. Forms of Proxy, duly stamped and signed must be deposited at the Company's Corporate office of MK Footwear PLC, Road no-3, House no-17/A, Banani, DOHS, Dhaka, not later than 48 hours before the time commencement of the Meeting. In default, forms of Proxy will not be treated as valid.



MK Footwear PLC.

Registered Office & Factory: Nayonpur Bazar, Chalkpara,
Medical more, Mawna - Dulivita Rd, Mawna Union 1740, Gazipur.

ATTENDANCE SLIP

I hereby record my attendance at the 10th Annual Annual General Meeting (AGM) being held on Sunday, 08 February, 2026 at 03.30 p.m. through hybrid system and any adjournment thereof or at any poll that may be taken in consequence therefore.

Name of the Member/Proxy.....

BO ID No.

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|

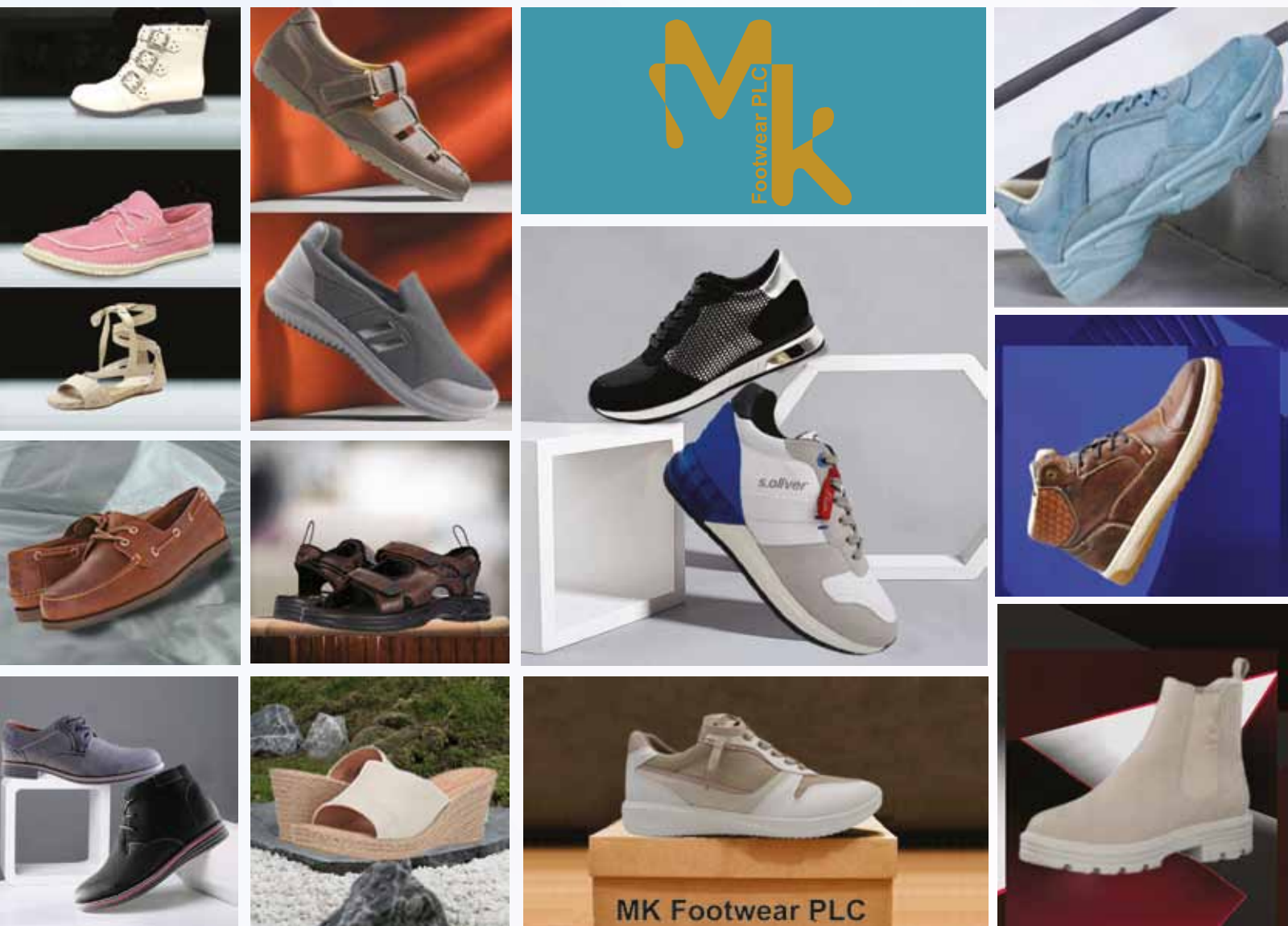
No. of Shares held

Dated.....

(Signature of Proxy)

(Signature of the Shareholder)

Date



MK Footwear PLC.

Nayonpur Bazar, Chalkpara, Medical more, Mawna - Dulivita Rd, Mawna Union 1740, Gazipur.

Tel: +880-02-9836386, Fax: +880-02-9836386, E-mail: info@mk-footwear.com

Website: <https://mk-footwear.com/>